BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

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BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier.

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BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

C. A. BOUTELLE. HENRY A. BURR.

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AUCTIONEERS,
General Insurance and Real Estate Agency
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Known as the Life, Fire and Accident Insurance policies.
may28 1yr

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june11 3m

WM. H. EARLE,
STENCIL CUTTER,
and Manufacturer of all kinds of Rubber Stamps (Dating, Dat ng, Pencil and Pocket Stamps Also Steel Stamps and Seals, &c.
NO. 53 EXCHANGE ST., MAIN
BANGOR, ME.
dec31 eod&w 1f

Nurse for the Sick.
Having had experience as a nurse, and can give good references, I am now prepared to give my services wherever wanted, at reasonable prices. Apply at
53 PEARL STREET,
A. INGALLS.
June19 1m

We Have a Large Stock of
Room Papers and Borders,
which we propose to close out VERY CHEAP. Be sure and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. It will be greatly to your advantage.
REYNOLDS & CO.,
142 Exchange Street.
may5

PURE INDIA TEAS
from the Districts of ASSAM, CHITTAGONG, CACHAR, KANGRA VALLEY, DARJEELING, DEHRA DOON, and others. Absolutely Pure. Superior in Flavor. The Most Economical. Sold in packets only. Sold by all Grocers. JOHN C. PHILLIPS & CO., Agents for the Calcutta Tea Syndicate, 150 Water St., N. Y.
Nov4 eW1y

HAMMOCKS
—WE HAVE A—
Very Large Variety
—OF THE—
Most Desirable Styles
—CONSISTING OF—
Mexican, Linen, Cotton, &c.,
And the following new styles
The "Travers"—Very Light and Strong.
"Baltic"—With 1 Pillow and 1 Spreader
"Atlantic"—" 1 " 1 "
"Pacific"—With 2 Pillows, 2 Spreaders
Spreaders and Pillows, Ropes and Hooks, Pieces and Hooks, And all the Other Attachments.
WM. F. SHAW.
June28

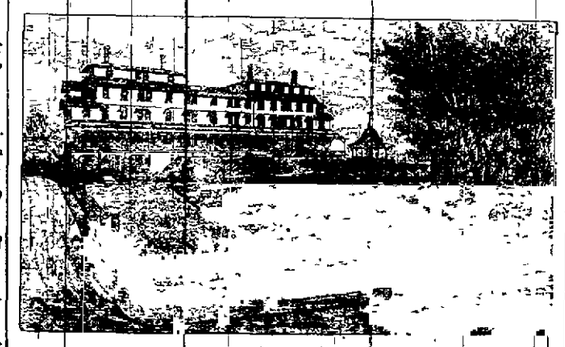
CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!
—FROM—
The Celebrated Manufactory
—OF—
ZENAS THOMPSON JR.
PORTLAND, - - MAINE.
(Formerly the Old House of Kimball & Co.) and with whom Mr. Thompson was associated and in partnership for 20 years.
I would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bangor and vicinity that I shall open on Wednesday, June 27th, a
Repository at 71 Exchange Street
for the sale of carriages, and shall upon that day show a general assortment of carriages of my own manufac ure.
My brother, Mr. F. H. THOMPSON, will spend a portion of his time here and will be assisting Mr. A. H. THAXTER, to whom he would refer for further information.
june27

LEMUEL NICHOLS'
LIVERY, HACK
—AND—
BOARDING STABLES,
Central Bridge - - Bangor, Me
As the riding season is now here, I would respectfully announce to the public that I have made great improvements in my stables, and added several Fine Horses and Carriages, and am fully prepared to meet the wants of my customers. I have no hesitation in saying that, at the present time, I have one of the best appointed Livery Stables east of Boston, and know that I can satisfy the public in every particular.
Can furnish parties with Double Teams, Barouches and Barges. Hacks are also in readiness at any hour of the day or night and at all trains and boats, also, Hacks and Coaches furnished for Funerals, Weddings, Parties, &c.
Very best accommodations for boarding horses, and lowest rates. Several kind and gentle horses for ladies' and young people's use.
Orders left at Stable Office, Central Street, will receive prompt attention.
I have just added to my livery stock a new Hack, elegant Landau, handsome and commodious Barge.
I am assisted by my sons, CHARLES W. NICHOLS and Mr. LEANDER LEACH.
L. NICHOLS, Proprietor.
may 15

Bowdoin College.
EXAMINATIONS for admission to College will be held at the Cleaveland Lecture Room, Massachusetts Hall, on FRIDAY, July 13th, and on FRIDAY, Sept. 28th, at 8.30 A. M.
JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN,
Brunswick, June 18, 1883.

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAISTS.
Boys' Blouse Waists in New Shades.
A large assortment of Children's Short Pant Suits. A few of those Suits left from our mark down sale, which we are selling at about half price. These Suits are bargains and are worthy of the attention of parties who want a good suit for a small price.
ROBINSON & AREY,
OLD CORNER CLOTHING HOUSE.
Wheelwright & Clark's Block, Bangor, Maine.
may26

GETCHELL, LEIGHTON & CO.,
PLUMBERS AND PIPERS,
—AND DEALERS IN—
Plumbing Material,
DRAIN PIPE AND
Galvanized Iron Work,
129 CENTRAL STREET.



ACADIAN HOUSE,
CASTINE, - - - - - MAINE.
A Summer Hotel, Enlarged and Improved
Steamers plying between the house and the steamer LEWISTON to Mount Desert.
Spacious and Elegant Grounds. House Three Times the Size of Last Year.
Board $10.50 to $15.00 Per Week.
Continued Under the Management of Maj. C. S. GREENHALGH.
E. P. WALKER and M. WEBSTER, Proprietors.
OPENED JUNE 15TH, 1883.
june18 1m

SPECIAL NOTICE.
FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.
Have Just Received a Very Nice Lot
—OF—
FLANNEL SHIRT WAISTS.
Lace Fronts, for Boys, Aged from 5 to 11 Years,
IN ALL THE NEW AND NOBBY COLORS
—ALSO THE—
LARGEST AND FINEST LINE
—OF—
Neck Wear
Ever Shown in Bangor, as a Glance at our Show Windows will prove.
FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.
17 and 19 EXCHANGE STREET.
Near European and North American Railway Depot.
June27 Com copy

Why Is It
That so many people come to the fall of the year so poorly prepared to endure the exposure of the winter months? It is because care has not been taken to prevent the accumulation in the body of the seeds of disease. Medical Science is more and more fully showing that there is a seed time of malaria or the more common sicknesses and that there is a harvest also sure to follow, unless these be destroyed, or unless by some sure preventive, like
LYMAN'S DANDELION BITTERS,
the condition for their lodgment and growth in the body be destroyed. During the summer months, from the stagnant waters along the roadside, from ponds and ditches, from meadows and swamps, from sewers and cess pools [illegible] ways of travel, over fields, into [illegible] into the lungs and stomach [illegible] exceeds the former plants in his de[illegible] rapidity, enter into the blood and [illegible] soil, so these seeds of disease exist in the body [illegible] come to the end of the summer with [illegible] means expense, not only in money, but [illegible] more than in this is the old, adage of [illegible] cure." Keep always with you during the summer months a bottle of
LYMAN'S DANDELION BITTERS.
The frequent use of this compound will prevent the seeds of disease from germinating in the body and entering the blood and debility is prevented.
LYMAN'S DANDELION BITTERS are thus a sure [illegible] preventive of Fever, Ague, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Debility and Diseases of the Skin.
Price [illegible] per bottle.
CALDWELL SWEET & BRO.,
Apothecaries,
BANGOR, MAINE.
jue30 eod&w

No Matter
how low prices you get elsewhere, I will certainly sell the SAME GRADE of
Pianos and Organs,
for LESS MONEY than any other house.
DO NOT BE DECEIVED,
but GET PRICES and then come here and be convinced.
To Prevent
any failing of my large trade during this vacation season, and to induce persons who are thinking of buying in the fall to PURCHASE NOW, I will [illegible]
Astonishingly Low Prices!
REMEMBER!
that NO OTHER HOUSE in this section can furnish the
CELEBRATED AND FISHER PIANOS,
and other first-class goods that I handle.
Be Wise! Buy Now! Buy the Best!
GEO. S. SILSBY,
BANGOR, MAINE.
jun 28 3m eodsw

A Rare Chance for Business.
FOR SALE.
FURNITURE and FIXTURES
—OF A—
FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,
FULL OF BOARDERS,
Containing 27 rooms. Has always paid well for many years. Must be sold within the next thirty days. Reason for the present proprietors retiring from business.
Apply to Z. P. TASTES,
Or at the premises, 125 Hammond street, Bangor, Me.
June28 eod2w

"For this Relief, Much Thanks."
NOTHING
Under the sun, is more excellent for Summer Complaints, Colic, Colds, Fever and Ague, Miscellaneous pains, Dysentery, Dyspepsia, and other various diseases common to our people and climate, than
WARREN'S
RELIEF LINIMENT.
Sold by druggists and country dealers every where, and by
E. S. BARLOW, Genl Agent,
No. 4 Smith Block, Bangor, Me.
may9

28 Main Street. 28
Is the place to buy
BOOTS and SHOES,
where you can find the best assortment at the
LOWEST PRICES.
J. A. BUZZELL,
28 Main Street.
april10

CITY DRUG STORE.
Swift & Courtney's
PARLOR MATCHES,
W. E. MANN,
CITY DRUG STORE.

CITY DRUG STORE.
"LUSTRO,"
highly recommended for polishing Nickel, Silver, &c. In bottles at 25 cents
WM. E. MANN,
CITY DRUG STORE.

CITY DRUG STORE.
I have received a large invoice of first quality
English Tooth Brushes,
made especially for my retail trade and imported direct. Will be sold at 25 cents each
WM. E. MANN,
CITY DRUG STORE.
may9

"SUMMER VACATION"
Buy your Trunks, Traveling Bags, &c., where you can find an entirely new and fresh stock to select from.
I have just received an entire new stock throughout of trunks suitable for ladies and gentlemen, also a full and complete line of Valises and Traveling Bags in all styles and qualities.
Please call and examine. As I have no old stock to work off, I can assure you perfect satisfaction in PRICE and quality.
HAND-MADE HARNESSES.
A nice assortment of hand made harnesses of my own manufacture, in quality and price I DEFY COMPETITION. Also a full assortment of Whips, Lap Robes and all goods usually found in Harness Shops, at the very lowest prices.
REMEMBER it will PAY YOU to examine my stock before purchasing.
C. E. McLAUGHLIN,
NO. 6 HARLOW ST.
june22 4w* eod

Strawberries, Bananas,
PINE APPLES, and ORANGES,
Also a very Low Price on new importation of CROSBY and BLACKWELL'S OLIVES at
FRED T. HALL & CO.'S
RED STORE.
may

Sugar Cured Hams,
Bologna Sausage, Cooked Hams and Breakfast Bacon at
CHAS. YORK & CO.'S,
9 and 11 Granite Block.
July7

Deane Steam Pumps,
—FOR—
BOILER FEEDING,
Fire Purposes,
Tanneries,
AND HEAVY DUTIES GENERALLY.
FOR SALE BY
HENRY McLAUGHLIN,
AGENT.
FRONT STREET.
June22

PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS,
(After many years)
may again be found ready for the
Stove, Furnace, Tin Ware and Sheet Iron Business,
At the Store,
No. 133 Exchange St.,
(Opposite the old stand of W. H. Pritchard)
formerly occupied by W. H. Hill, whose stock and good will they have recently purchased.
Soliciting your patronage we remain yours respectfully,
PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS.
Bangor, July 1, 1883. 1m copy

MILL OILS
—OF—
ALL KINDS,
—AT—
BOSTON PRICES.
—ALSO—
Dutch Red Marked Chalk
—AT—
W. S. NICKERSON'S,
121 Exchange Street,
—OF—
PEEK, FREAU & CO.'S
VANILLA CHOCOLATE
—AND—
Raspberry Wafers; Also Carlsbad Sugar Wafers at
CHARLES DWINEL'S.
June7 eod

Thin Hats.
MANILLA
And Macinaw Hats,
RECEIVED THIS DAY BY
WM. F. SHAW.
June5

JAMES CHROMO, ESQ.,
The Great American Shiner,
(Of African Descent)
—HAS HIS—
SHOE BLACKING
of us, and says it is the BEST and CHEAPEST he ever used, and he is the highest authority in the land on the shoe blacking question. From his earnest praise it is evident he thinks it as good a shiner, he says he is "Of Darkness or Darker."
TEA WHITE.

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1829—Weekly, 1831.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For one square one inch in space for one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	25
For half square, one time	75
For half-square, three times	1 00
For half square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
Each week's continuance	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week*, one-third price.

Advertisements, where no time of insertion is specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin.

Engine No. 53, pulling Locke's freight train, ran into the freight depot at Livermore Falls, for the first time, Saturday. *Being larger than any machine on this road*, the truss beams of the building were not high enough, and carried away the smoke-stack, bell and whistle! No one was injured. The train left here on time, the fireman *pounding on the bell with a hammer* until they passed the railroad crossing.

Cumberland.

The *Press* says, the house of Dr. James M. Cummings, of Portland, was robbed Sunday night. The burglars entered by a window left unfastened. They took a handsome gold watch and pin, money and clothes belonging to the doctor. They concluded their diversion by lunching sumptuously.

Crockett, the Cape Elizabeth man taken for a bear, and shot recently, by mistake, is able to walk out. With the exception of the loss of one eye and a slightly stiff elbow, he is as well as ever.

During the heavy thunder shower Saturday night, the lightning struck the foretopmast of the schooner Herald, Capt Fiske, of Rockland, which was lying at the coal wharf Back Cove, foot of Franklin street, Portland. It broke the topmast off at the cap and then went off into the water. If the schooner had been on an even keel at the time, the damage would have been much more serious. The cook was reading in the cabin at the time and was considerably affected by the shock. The captain and the rest of the crew were sitting in the coal shed looking on at the moment the bolt descended and were almost blinded by the lightning and stunned by the thunder. Bolts of lightning struck a small clump of oaks in Cape Elizabeth, about a mile from Knightville, completely demolishing the trees.

Franklin.

The farm house of Henry Edgecomb, of Franklin Plantation was discovered to be on fire, July 6th, and was burned to the ground, together with the household goods, almost all of which were burned. By the almost superhuman efforts of Mr. Edgecomb and neighbors the barn which stood but about thirty feet away, was saved although it caught fire in several places. Loss about $350 00, total. Partially covered by insurance. Cause, a defective chimney.

Mr M. A. Bean, stopping at Rico, Col., formerly of Deadfield, Me., is missing. His home is in Waltham, Mass. It is supposed that he was murdered to obtain his money, as he had a large sum on his person at the time of his disappearance.

Lincoln.

A camp of the Sons of Veterans was organized in Union Hall, Newcastle, by Col Frank Merrill, of Auburn, with George Comery, Capt; Elzer Tebbetts, 1st Lieut; Vdanian Trask 2nd Lieut.; Will Hull, Chaplain, Walter Tobin, Sergt.

Oxford.

The Oxford *Democrat* says during a heavy thunder storm on the evening of July 23, the house and barn of Mr. Moses Harriman, West Fryeburg, was struck by lightning. A horse was instantly killed, and the barn set on fire, but was extinguished by the neighbors, though not until considerably damaged. The house, though it did not take fire, was shattered through.

The *Argus* says that Bessie Colby, living in Fryburg, daughter of Albert Colby, formerly of Portland, will be three years old on August 9th. She is one of the *largest and most fearless children in the* neighborhood weighing over forty pounds. On Wednesday, June 27th, she was alone, about a quarter of a mile from home with her doll and baby carriage when she encountered a *poisonous adder four feet* long. Bessie is not as tall as that herself, by considerable; but she seized the snake and carled it alive to the house, where her step-mother killed it, though so frightened that she *nearly fainted*, and was ill for two days afterward. Several persons in that vicinity are said to have died from the bite of this species of serpent, and why this mammouth specimen did not bite the *child is a mystery*. Bessie says when the [illegible] she [illegible] a stick down its throat.

Sagadahoc.

Mr. John S. Jackson, of the firm of Duncan & Jackson, block manufacturers, bath, received an injury Saturday afternoon, which will necessitate his retiring from active business for two or three weeks. While engaged in work about the factory, a large oak plank which he was sawing, slipped from his grasp and falling on his foot, badly crushed two of his toes. The force of the blow was so heavy that one of them was crushed to a jelly.

Somerset.

Mr. Frank Taylor, a brother of Judge Taylor, principal of Showhegan High School, and a nephew of C. M. Bailey, Esq., of Winthrop, very ill, and the chances for his recovery are small. He is in the Maine General Hospital for treatment at the present time.

Washington.

During a heavy thunder storm recently, a resident of Addison, in Washington county, was awakened by a heavy clap of thunder, and there being quite a space of time before the next clap, he dropped asleep and dreamed that the house had been struck and was fast falling in, and that egress by way of the door was stopped by falling timbers, and seizing his actions to his surroundings, he jumped from bed, raised the window, and out he went. The first intimation he had of being in the world was when he struck out in the wet grass with the rain pouring down on him, and he without his rubber coat. The window being some distance from the ground, he was obliged to call upon those inside to unfasten the door and let him in. He made his way to his bed a wetter, if not a wiser man.

Patrick Falkner, of Weston, came to Danforth, Saturday, and made a purchase of a casket, saying it was for a stranger, as soon as he got back to Weston he took Paris green. He died Monday morning.

Leroy Springer, of Danforth, and a companion, while travelling in the woods last week, came across a bear in a trap. They had a pocket revolver and charged upon by at him. The bear would jump and growl at every discharge of the firearm; the sixth and last gave Bruin his quietus.

York.

The little French girl, Delanise Palaquin, who was so terribly burned at Biddeford, Saturday, died at two o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

The boy [illegible] that Edward Fuller, overseer of the Water Power Machine shop at Biddeford, died very suddenly, Friday evening.

INDUSTRIAL GERMANY.

GERMAN PROTECTION AND ENGLISH FREE TRADE CONTRASTED.

[Correspondence of the Tribune.]

AIX-LA-CHAPELLE, Prussia, May 29.

There may be some persons curious enough to inquire why I should date a letter on the general economic condition of the German Empire from Aix-la-Chapelle, or Aachen, as it is called here. Why not send a letter from Berlin or Frankfort, or some more central point? The reply to such an inquiry is that in Germany, as in France and England, the manufacturing regions are in the northwestern part of the Empire, and from this point I have been able to reach by rail, within an hour or two, nearly all the important manufacturing centres of Western Germany, from which districts were sent last year to the United State about $32 000 000 out of the $65 000,000 worth of exports from the whole of Germany. In the time already spent in Germany I have visited the principal consular districts subordinate to the Consulate-General at Frankfort-on-the-Main, comprising what may be called Western Germany. Before attempting a description of these manufacturing centres, it will be interesting to take a general view of the subject.

First, to ascertain the present industrial condition of Germany, under its protective policy, as compared with the condition of affairs which exists in the industrial districts of Great Britain, and second, to compare the cost of labor and the social condition of the workingman in Germany with that existing in the United States; for *it must be borne in mind that the protective* policy of the United States is not affected by the difference in cost of labor in Protective Germany and Free-Trade England, but by the difference in cost of labor and the social condition of the work-people of the continent of Europe and the United States. The day the United States removes its protective barriers it must enter into the race, not alone with England, but with *all continental countries*, and it is that the masses of the people may better understand the true character of this race that these letters have been written.

It is true that I shall be able to establish beyond the possibility of contradiction that the industrial progress of Germany since the Government sounded the rumous policy of Free Trade and returned to judicious Protection has been *marked*. Wages have increased; blast furnaces which had become moss-grown under Free Trade have been relighted, new ones have been built, and others are today in course *of construction*; silent spindles are humming again, looms covered with dust and cobwebs are once more clattering, old mills have been reopened and new ones have been built, and even English firms *have found it profitable to move to Ger*many and employ hundreds of the weavers and spinners who under Free Trade had nearly starved on black bread and horse-flesh.

These facts, as I have before said, will be established in the letters that will follow. But the American advocate of England-manufacturing-for-the-world will reply that exceeding prosperous times began, luckily for my side of the argument, at the moment Germany changed her policy. If this is the sole cause of Germany's economic progress, and the great increase in wages, why did not the workingman of Free Trade England during this prosperous period feel the benefit that the protected German has felt to such a degree? While wages in Germany have increased from fifteen to twenty per cent. in the last five years, I shall show on the authority of the British Board of Trade that wages in England have either remained stationary or decreased—in most cases decreased—and that even in the boasted ship-building interest, these tables do not show a perceptible increase, while the helpers and laborers (men with families) in the ship-yards of Belfast, according to their official returns, receive at the present time but $3 36 a week; in the ship-yards of Dundee, $3 84; in the ship-yards of Glasgow, $3.30; in those of Greenock, $3.96; and in those of Hull, $4 56.

Belfast, Dundee, Glasgow and Greenock actually pay less for this class of work than is paid in Germany, where the laborer around iron works rarely receives less than three marks a day or $4 32 a week—and the cost of living in Germany is much less than in England. I emphasize these facts because of the ignorant, unfair and malicious attacks made on my Clyde letters. The reports of the Board of Trade sustain my wages statements in every particular—not only the forthcoming report for 1882, but the report for 1879, the wages estimates therein given being in most cases lower than those I have sent to the *Tribune*.

If these reports are even approximately correct, labor to-day (common labor, I mean, for that forms the greater proportion of the number of work-people engaged in the heavy industrial pursuits) is paid less in the ship-yards of Great Britain, the boasted industry in which every American Free Trader points with such unconceaded pride, than the same class of labor in Germany.

It has been said by the advocates of a Tariff for Revenue only, that until I could explain the great discrepancy between the wages in the Protection of Free Trade England and Protective Germany, my letters would not prove dangerous to the cause of Free Trade in the United States. I have shown now that in less than four years of Protection, German wages have increased so that the common laborer now receives about the same as the laborer in Great Britain. Labor does not cost less because the necessaries of life are cheaper in Germany. I have also shown in a recent communication that it is not true that the wages table used by American Free Trade writers in comparing German and English wages, were not the figures of to-day, but old wages returns compiled when Germany was a Free Trade country, at a time when England was exhibiting $150,000,000 worth of her cheap goods into the country; when the blast furnaces were being blown out and the mills were being shut down; when the German workman was suffering from the competition of a country with better natural advantages for manufacturing, and which, having entered the lists of free trade, could have soon crushed out nearly all the most flourishing industries of Germany. Of course England objects to the methods adopted by Germany, calls it "amazingly incorrect economically;" and why not, when her manufacturers sadly ponder over the subjoined exhibit which I borrow from the staid-test abstracts of the United Kingdom.

Year	Value of the Exports of British products to Germany under Free Trade.	Year	Value of the Exports of English products to Germany under Protection.
1872	$90,000,000	1880	$80,000,000
1873	95,000,000	1881	67,000,000
1874	95,000,000	1882	Not obtainable

In ten years the value of British exports of goods to Germany has declined from $95,000,000 in 1872 to not much over half that amount in 1881. As far back as 1867 the value of British exports into Germany exceeded $100,000,000, reaching the highest point in 1873, and then declining to $67,000,000 in 1881.

ROBERT P. PORTER.

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES EXHIBITION.

INTERESTING ACCOUNT OF THE GROWTH OF THE FISHING INDUSTRIES IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the London Daily News, June 26.]

Professor G. Brown Goode, assistant director of the United States Museum and Commissioner to the International Fisheries Exhibition, gave the Fishery Conference at South Kensington, yesterday, an interesting account of the growth of the fishing industry of the United States. The first American Colony planted at Jamestown, in 1608, found its permanent stability to the abundance of fish and oysters in adjacent rivers. Little substantial progress was made, however, until after the war of the Rebellion. Since 1865, and especially in the last decade, the fisheries, as the Professor showed, have increased in extent and value to a degree without parallel in their previous history. The present position of the industries is remarkable. Great freezing houses have been built on the Great Lakes, on the Pacific coast, and in the large cities of the East, and refrigerator cars are running upon all the trunk lines of railway. Columbia salmon, lake whitefish, cod, bass, Spanish mackerel, and other choice fishes are frozen stiff and packed up in heaps like cordwood, and can be had at any season of the year.

Refrigerator cars carry unfrozen fish from sea and lake inland. Smelts and trout, packed in snow in the north, are received in New York by the carload, daily, throughout the winter. Halibut are brought from the distant oceanic banks in refrigerators built in the holds of the vessels, and 12,000,000 to 14,000,000 pounds are distributed, packed in ice, in the cities of the interior. Tinned fish, especially salmon, lobsters and sardines, and mackerel, are extensively consumed, and value to at least $3 000 000 is annually exported. In 1880, 2,153,000 salmon were received by *the establishments of the Pacific slope*, and were packed in 31,453,000 one-pound cans, worth at the factories $3,255,000. "Sardines" to the value of $825,000 were packed in Maine, these being simply young herrings, *mostly in cotton-seed oil of domestic* manufacture. Four million one hundred and seventy-eight thousand pound cans of lobsters were also packed in the factories owned by Maine and Massachusetts.

The ingenious devices for sea, river and lake fishing, as exhibited in the American Court, were described, showing that a remarkable degree of perfection had been attained in every branch of the industry, especially in the propagation and acclimatization of useful fishes. In the last mentioned undertaking, the fish culturists have been assisted by grants of public money. Professor Goode estimates the different fishes of the United States waters at 1,400, of these 300 have a recognized economic value. He divides the 47 recognized fishing industries of his country into four divisions—1. Ocean fisheries, conducted by sea going vessels; 2. Coast fisheries, conducted chiefly from small boats; 3. River and lake fisheries, which produce shad, alewife, salmon, whitefish, smelt and sturgeon; 4. Strand fisheries and shore industries, including seal, terrapin, clam, quahog, abalone, moss, salt and seaweed trades. The whale-fishery has decreased in value of late years, owing to the introduction of mineral oils and over-fishing. The aims, methods and achievements of the United States Fish Commission were explained toward the close of the paper, which was supplemented by an explanation by Mr. Earle of a series of diagrams of the excellent hatching and refrigerating apparatus used in America.

The Marquis of Exeter, in moving a vote of thanks, described the paper read by Mr Goode as one of the most interesting he had ever heard, and the noble lord warmly acknowledged the kind assistance he himself had received from the United States in prosecuting his own piscicultural efforts in England. The vote of thanks was seconded by Professor Huxley, who urged that the statements in the paper completely justified the argument which he (Mr Huxley) ventured to submit to the Congress at the opening meeting. No other country in the world had taken up the question of fish culture in so scientific a spirit, and with such successful results, as in the United States. The complimentary thanks to his Excellency for presiding were moved by the Marquis of Hamilton, who gracefully referred to the pleasure always produced by the presence of Mr. Lowell, whenever he appears in public.

The chairman (Mr. Lowell), in acknowledging the compliment, said that he might be allowed to observe, without any National vanity, that it was the wise and generous appropriation of $10,000 by the American Congress which did a great deal toward encouraging the Fisheries Exhibition at the outset. He had been greatly gratified at hearing upon the best possible authority that the American section was distinguished by its scientific arrangement, and therefore from its practical utility in the lessons that might be learned from it. Some of the figures in Mr. Goode's paper as to the numbers of fish were like the vast distances of astronomy—the mind lost itself in them. The fact that fish-culture in the United States was promoted rather by individual effort than State assistance, was a curious as well as interesting illustration of one of the results of that progress of democracy of which so many people stood in terror.

It recalled to his recollection what a Pittsburg gentleman once told him of the riots in that place ten years ago, namely, that though the rioters at first put down the militia, public opinion put down the rioters when they proceeded to violence. Burke, in his speech to the electors of Bristol, said that the hardy fishermen had whitened every ocean with their sails, and *one of the things that had particularly im*pressed him (Mr. Lowell) in the Exhibition, was the proof it gave that the fisherman's peaceful occupation summoned forth all those moral qualities—daring, endurance, self reliance and self-sacrifice—*which* we had been too much accustomed to believe were dependent upon war.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Corrected semi-weekly by the Grocers Association.

Produce Market.

WEDNESDAY, July 11, 1883.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A bushel of Liverpool salt shall weigh 56 pounds, and a bushel of Turks Island salt shall weigh 70 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of beans shall be 60 pounds, of potatoes, wheat, beets and peas, 60 pounds, of corn, 56 pounds, of onions, 52 pounds, of carrots, turnips, rye, and Indian meal, 56 pounds, of barley and buckwheat 48 pounds, of oats, 30 pounds, or even measure as by agreement.

Country Produce.

BEANS—Imperial Yellow Eye, per bush.		$3.50@$3.60.
Pea, hand picked,	per bush.	2 80 to $3 00.
BUTTER—Choice new roll per lb,		17 to 18 cents.
Good,	do	15 to 16
Fair to good,	do	13 to 14 do.
CHEESE—Best Factory, per lb,		10@11 cents.
Best Dairy,	do	10@11 do
DRIED APPLE—Choice strung per lb,		10@11 cents.
Choice sliced,	do	11@12 do
EGGS—Fresh laid, per dozen,		18 cents.
HAY—Best loose, per ton,		$9 00 @ $10 00.
Best baled,	do	10 00 to $11 00.
OATS—Prime country, new per bush,		48 to 55 cents.
Prime Western,	" do	53@60 cents.
PEAS—Imperial, per bush,		2 50.
Best Canada, whole, per bush,		1 15 to 1 20.
POTATOES—Early Rose, per bushel,		35@40.
Burbank, per bushel,		35@40.
PORK—Round Hog per lb,		7@8 cts.
POULTRY—Chicken, per lb		12@ 15 cents.
Turkeys, per lb		@15 cents.
ONIONS—Bermuda, per Crate,		$1.75.

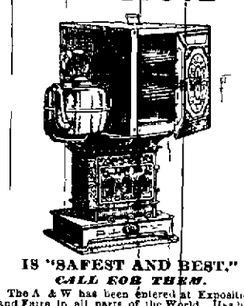
Retail Prices Current.

SALT—Bangor, ground in boxes, per box,	90 cents.
English butter salt, in 14 lb bags, per bag,	25
English butter salt in 56 lb bags per bag,	75 cents
Liverpool per bushel,	35 cents.
Turk's Island per bushel,	35 cents.
HERRING—English, scaled, in boxes, per box,	25 cents.
RAISINS—Loose Muscatels, per lb,	15 to 20 cents.
London Layers,	do 20@25 cents.
Sultans,	do 15 to 20 cents.
Valencia,	do 12 to 15 cents.
CURRANTS—Bogliasi,	dec. 12 to 15 cents.
CANDIES—Stick,	per quart, 80 cents.
POT CORN—Best stick candy, per lb,	8 cents.
KEROSENE OIL—Fire test, per gallon,	15 cents.
100 fire test,	do 25 do
VINEGAR—Pure cider, per gallon,	20 to 25 cents.
Pure W. W.	do 25 cents.
WOOD—Best Spring Hassells,	$9 00 to 9 50.
Best of Coals,	7 50 to 7 75.
Stock Family,	6 00 to 6 75.
COAL—Foundry,	7 75 to 8 75.
Coarse,	1 40 per hundred.
COTTON SEED MEAL—In sacks of 100 lbs,	1 35.

Breadstuffs, Grain, Etc

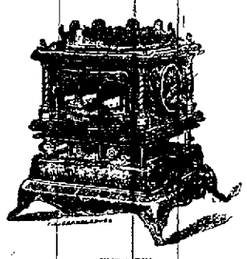
OATMEAL—Best Scotch	per lb,	6c.
Best Irish	"	5c.
Best Canada	"	4c
Rye Meal,	"	4c
Graham Flour,	"	5c.
Buckwheat Flour,	"	6c
PORK—Country clear,	"	11c
Western clear,	"	12c.
LARD—Bulk, firm tierces,	"	14c.
Home, in pails,	"	15c
SUGAR—Granulated,	"	10c.
Extra C.	"	9½c.

13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13
Important and Specific Reason.
—WHY THE—
Adams & Westlake
Improved Wire Gauze, Non-Explosive
OIL STOVE



IS "SAFEST AND BEST."
CALL FOR THEM.
The A & W has been entered at Expositions and Fairs in all parts of the World. Has been shown in competition with nearly 200 makes of oil stoves, and in every instance has been awarded the first premium medal over all competitors. Notably at Paris Exposition, Provincial Fair, Toronto, Canada, World's Fair, Melbourne, Australia, Cincinnati Exposition, Industrial Exposition at Providence R. I., New England Fair, Dakota Cotton Exposition.
Remember the A & W is the only oil stove made which will bake and broil, do baking and cooking on some other operation at the same time, obtaining direct heat. Is the only oil stove which can be exposed to draughts of air and not be affected, while other stoves smoke as badly as the commonest kerosene lamp if the least puff of air reaches them. Call on all other dealers in town, but before purchasing call and examine the A & W, and get our 11 PRINTED reasons.
Also the largest and best stock of Refrigerators, Ice Chests, Ice Cream Freezers, and Water-Coolers in the city. For sale by
Wood, Bishop & Co.,
41 & 42 W. Market Square, Bangor.
june25

FOR PERFECT BAKING
—USE THE—
FLORENCE FAVORITE
Oil Stove,



—WITH THE—
PATENT HALF-DOUBLE OVEN,
will brown a loaf as well as the best range oven
It is Made in Two Sizes,
for two or four pie plates. This with the full double oven in two sizes and the single oven in two sizes, gives us the
Most Complete Oil Stove Ever Made
When any one tells you that the Florence has but a single oven without broiling, refer them to this ad.
S. T. THOMPSON & SON
BANGOR, ME.
9 Pickering Square.
june15 eod

2 Kenduskeag Bridge, 2
A CHANCE TO GET
BARGAIN.
In a few odd sizes and widths.
Lot of Ladies Kid Gypsy Button, sizes 2½, 3, 3½, 6; A and B wide, $1.50.
Lot of Ladies' Goat Gypsy Button, sizes 2½, 3, 3½, 6 A, 2½, 5, 5 B, 3, 5, 5½ 6 C, all nice goods, just right for the sea shore, only $1 50.
Lot of Ladies' nice Kid Slippers, sizes 2½, 4½, 5½, 6; B wide, $1.00.
Lot of Ladies' nice Kid Newport Ties, sizes 4, 4½, 6, B wide, $1.00.
Lot of Ladies' Cloth Tip Button, 3, 3½, 5, 5½, 6, B wide, $2.00.
Lot of Ladies' nice Front Lace Kid Boots, B, C, D wide, sizes 2½ to 5½, $2 00 and $2 50, former price, $3.00 and $4 00, selling low to close them out.
Lot of Gent's low Calf and Kid Tie Shoes, narrow widths, $2.00, former price $3.00 and $4 00.
Lot of Boys' low Calf Tie Shoes, size 11, 1, 2, 3, $1.00.
Lot of Children's Kid Newport Ties, sizes 2 to 7, 50 cents.
In addition to the above we have a full line of first-class Boots, Walking Shoes and Slippers, Hammocks, Manilla Hats, &c.
Call early and secure bargains.
F. A. CURTIS,
2 Kendusk

Whig & Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Whig and Courier."

THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1883.

PAVING OR NOTHING.

The people of Bangor understand the issue so clearly defined by Alderman Tobin, viz.: Not one cent of the people's money shall be furnished to transact the people's business unless the Common Council squarely back down and vote $6,000 for an unlawful paving contract. Some persons who could not believe it possible that an Alderman of the city would make such a proclamation of the obstructive purposes of his party, had their doubts removed when the owner of one-third of the paving company in whose behalf the Mayor and his allies are seeking to take the city by the throat, came out in his paper last evening with a square endorsement of Tobin's attitude, and in cold-blooded type justified the refusal to vote any of the regular appropriations unless the $6,000 for paving is included.

The people thoroughly understand the case, just as Mr. Tobin and Mr. Bass have confessed it; and as Alderman Adams puts it in a nut-shell in his card which we publish to-day.

The effort to harmonize the Ohio Democracy makes little progress. In fact, time only shows more plainly how bitter a feeling was engendered at the State Convention. The first meeting of the State Committee was postponed in order to allow this to subside, or, as one Democrat expressed it, "until the kicking spell was over." But if the reports in the Democratic papers are trustworthy, the meeting of the party committee in Toledo last week was the scene of some vigorous hair-pulling, though about one-third of the members failed to attend from a lack of interest in the meeting. Some of the most prominent Democrats in the State are also predicting the defeat of Hoadly. The Hon. Henry Kahlo, of Toledo, a member of the last Legislature and nominated for the next, has refused to be a candidate, as he does not wish to have anything to do with the canvass. He says that by the nomination of Hoadly the Ohio Democracy has been subjected to the control of the money power and the liquor element. He also makes a point-blank assertion that votes were bought and sold in the State Convention, and names the sum at which they were offered. Mr. Kahlo is one of the most respectable and influential Democrats in Lucas county.

While Democratic conventions in some States are declaring excitedly against selling the labor of convicts to contractors, the Democratic Government of Tennessee has just sold the labor of the convicts of that State to a railroad company for six years at $101,000 per year.

During President Arthur's last visit to New York he made a personal investigation of the charges filed against Postmaster Pearson to the effect that he was financially interested in corporations doing business in violation of the postal laws. The President states that he is satisfied that the charges are absolutely without foundation, and Postmaster General Gresham has indefinitely postponed the investigation, which was inaugurated some few weeks ago.

Senator Sherman has arrived in Washington. To a friend the Senator said that the Republicans of Ohio were never more heartily united nor in better trim to enter a political campaign than they are at the present time. He takes a very cheerful view of the prospect, and in private conversation expresses the belief that the Republicans will elect their candidate for Governor by a good majority, and also secure a majority in the Legislature.

The free trade faction of the Democracy, says the *Tribune*, started out a few months ago to make a brave fight for principle. The battle was kept up for a short time and everything appeared to be going on swimmingly when suddenly the advocates of a tariff-for-revenue-only turned tail and ran. The Louisville *Courier-Journal* was among the first to slump, and its example was quickly followed by most of the other organs, so that to-day there are left only one or two Democratic papers to battle for principle. The Galveston *News* in commenting on this fact, says: "It is becoming painfully evident to Democratic free-traders that the party eye, which is fixed on office, is the medium through which the party is being fascinated into a moral stupor on the tariff question." The *News* evidently knows how to grasp a great truth.

A Washington special says: For some time past Commissioner Dudley of the Pension Office has noticed that the dates of allowances in pension cases have frequently been changed. His suspicions were aroused, and he directed his officials to keep watch for sharp practices. This has been done and resulted in the arrest of a clerk in the Pension Office, together with an outside accomplice. These persons, it is claimed, are parties to a conspiracy to defraud pensioners out of portions of the money allowed on their claims. The arrests Tuesday have probably broken up the gang, whose operations have been quite successful in a small way. The system under which this gang operated was substantially this: Clerks in the Pension Office who were in position to know the status of the pending cases kept the outsider informed of all cases that were likely to be speedily settled. He immediately wrote to the claimant, offering to procure speedy action upon the claim if the claimant would pay a certain percentage as soon as he secured his money. In most cases several years are required to adjust claims, and most of the applicants, being needy, were very willing to pay a portion of the amount secured to obtain prompt action. The result was that the ring had an extensive business, and the parties to the scheme were making money rapidly. The exact amount cannot be ascertained for some time. The charge upon which the men arrested Tuesday are held is obtaining money under false pretenses, and they will be vigorously prosecuted. In the meantime efforts to discover others, if there are any engaged in these practices, will not be relaxed, and and a close surveillance will be kept over the suspected associates of the arrested men. The existence of such a ring inside the Pension Office was announced in these despatches a year ago, and it was then denied by the Commissioner.

WELL ANSWERED.

ALDERMAN ADAMS ON THE PAVING BUSINESS.

To the Editor of the Whig and Courier:

In reply to an anonymous writer in last night's *Commercial*, who wants to know my reasons for opposing the alleged paving contract this year, permit me to say that I will answer all such questions when I am "frankly and honestly" informed why proposals for furnishing the stone were not regularly advertised for, as urged by one member of the committee; why it was that after proposals for laying the stone had been advertised for and an award made by the committee to the lowest bidder, the contract was given without the knowledge of a part of the committee to another party who had not put in a bid; why it was and why it is that a persistent attempt was and is made to bind the city to a contract clearly void by the provisions of law and which has never even been signed by the Committee having the matter in charge.

I think honest answers to these questions will of themselves furnish ample reasons for the course I have found it my duty to take in regard to the paving scandal; but it would still be in order and of public interest to learn why Democratic members who last year bitterly opposed stone paving—one of them going into public print with a long argument to show the folly and extravagance of it—have this year swung directly round, so that they now declare that there shall be no appropriations for anything else unless they can have the full sum of six thousand dollars to expend on what they then denounced.

Yours truly,

JAMES ADAMS.

Bangor, July 11, 1883.

The Signal Service at Washington announces the approach of another hot wave.

Henry D. Lloyd will describe in the next number of the *North American Review* the methods employed by speculators in grain, and will show how they operate to make bread dear.

Customs officers along the Canadian frontier naturally become expert in detecting smugglers and have many amusing stories to tell of the devices employed to cheat the Government. One of the traits constantly exemplified before their eyes is the passion for smuggling, apart from any hope of pecuniary advantage. People buy articles in Canada at a higher price than they would have to pay at home, apparently for the mere excitement of an attempt to escape detection. "We came across, the other day," said a customs officer at Detroit last Friday to a reporter, "a novel and very close costume for this hot weather. We had our eyes open for an old man whom we had come to look upon with suspicion, because of the frequency of his visits. So at last we took him in, and upon stripping him, found that his body, his arms and his legs were closely wrapped with straw braid—such as they use in hat-making—and upon divesting him of his unique armor, we measured over 500 yards of the material."

Gen. Crook is the lion in Washington. He has been stopping at the Riggs House, but nearly every day since his arrival he has had long consultations with Secretary Lincoln on the Indian problem. In a short talk with him the other evening he said, "The Apaches are the most bloodthirsty and treacherous of all the Indians I have yet had to deal with. They not only have fought the whites but they have well nigh exterminated the Pueblos, the Zunis and other tribes. They are the Ishmaelites of the West, and whenever they cannot find another tribe to assault, which by the way is very seldom, they fight amongst themselves. It is much easier to fight the Sioux than the Apaches. The Sioux belong to the plains, while the Apaches belong to the mountain regions, and their retreats are almost inaccessible. The favorite tactic of the Apaches is the ambuscade. They remind me of rats. They would rather run than fight, but when you get them cornered they will give you all the fighting you want. I think that these fellows are thoroughly subjugated, and I do not apprehend any future trouble with them. Bonito, Loco, Nana and Morengo have all promised me that they will settle down and be good Indians. They say they have no friends at San Carlos, and want to go to the Apache country and be with their friends. The report that I have endeavored to force these captives on the San Carlos reservation is absolutely untrue. When they surrendered I sent them forward with Captain Crawford and four companies of cavalry, and ordered that they be kept with the scouts until other arrangements were made. Juh, the famous chieftan, has been deposed by his tribe for some reason which I have not been able to understand, and the Indians now regard him as an outcast."

Colonel Shaw, the United States Consul at Manchester, England, has received from President Arthur an autograph letter, acknowledging the receipt of a portrait of John Bright, with the latter's autograph, sent as a souvenir of the recent Birmingham celebration. In accepting the gift the President states that in his estimation its value is greatly enhanced by "the knowledge that the autograph of the donor was placed upon the gift by Mr. Bright himself especially for me," and adds: "I have had the portrait appropriately hung upon the walls of the Executive Mansion."

Col. Roebling has tendered his resignation as Chief Engineer of the East River bridge. It was accepted and he was appointed Consulting Engineer without salary. His chief assistant, Mr. Martin, was appointed Chief Engineer and Superintendent of the bridge. The total amount of money received for the building of the bridge up to the first of this month was $14,099,350, and the expenditures were $14,941,508.

The suit brought to have the East River Bridge declared an illegal obstruction of navigation, which is to be argued before the United States Supreme Court next session, can only fail in its purpose, and it ought to fail. The Bridge was built pursuant to plans approved by the Secretary of War, acting under the express authority of Congress. It is now rather late in the day to question its legality.

The Virginia editor who was recently shot in a duel, it is said, lies in his bed and reads all the papers. This is well, and he will soon see that he is no hero from his effort to play the part of a murderer. Even Southern papers have unkindly denounced the vicious custom.

A Cincinnati, O., paper thus glows over the comparative importance of that city as a furniture manufacturing point: Official reports show that Cincinnati has over 220 establishments engaged in the manufacture of furniture, employing a capital of $5,690,133, occupying real estate of the value of $3,632,750, furnishing remunerative employment to over 10,000 workmen, and reaching an annual output amounting to $10,000,000.

With the beginning of the new year President Seelye, of Amherst College, is to introduce a new feature of discipline. Hereafter all offenses against the college rules are to be tried by a sort of court martial, composed of ten members—four seniors, three juniors, two sophmores and and one freshman—to be elected by the respected classes, and hold office for one year. The President of the college is to preside over their deliberations, and the board will decide all questions relating to discipline that have heretofore been brought before the faculty.

Special Notices

RISING VIRTUE LODGE.

There will be a Special Meeting of Rising Virtue Lodge, No. 10, F. & A. M., at Masonic Hall, this THURSDAY evening at 7½ o'clock.

Brethren are invited to attend.

jy12 2t

A. O. U. W.

Excursion to Islesboro,

Tuesday, July 24th.

Further particulars announced as soon as arrangements are completed.

PER ORDER COMMITTEE.

July12 2t

READ THE NEWS.

Parties going out of town can have the Daily Whig & Courier mailed to them for 16 cents a week.

July19 dtw 3t

NOTICE.

There will be a special meeting of "The Bangor Boardof Trade" at the Common Council Room, City Hall, to-morrow, Thursday, July 12th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For order,

CHAS. S. PEARL, Secretary.

jy11 1t

NOTICE.

The undersigned will erect on a lot in Camden Village a brick building 45x75 feet, three stories high, to be finished by November next. A plan and specifications of the building drawn and prepared by Fassett & Stevens, of Portland, can be examined at the store of the subscribers in Camden.

Proposals for the job,—contractors to furnish material and labor, will be received until July 25th. The subscribers reserve to themselves the right to accept the proposal which seems to them most advantageous.

H. KNIGHT & SONS.

Camden, Maine, July 9th, 1883.

jy11 sn 1w

Proposals for a Sewer.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Superintendent of Sewers until 12 M., of Tuesday, July 17th, 1883, for furnishing all the materials and constructing a sewer in Elm street, running northerly from Garland street to Stillwater Avenue.

Plans and specifications for the same may be seen at my office.

Privilege is hereby reserved to reject any or all proposals.

FRED H. COOMBS,
Superintendent of Sewers.

Bangor, July 9th, 1883.

jy11 sn

GRAND TRUNK

Railway Company

OF CANADA.

Two Daily Expresses to Chicago and the West. Morning Express leaves Portland, 9.00 A. M.; Afternoon Express leaves Portland, 1.30 P. M. Both Express Trains make close connections at Montreal for the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars on night trains. Parlor and Hotel Dining Cars on day trains. Best road-bed in America, and the shortest and cheapest route. Ask for tickets via the line which insures the best at the lowest cost. Passengers by morning train from Bangor make connection at Danville Junction via "Flying Yankee," they can have a good night's rest in Portland, and by evening Pullman have ample time for connection. Rangeley Lake and the White Mountains are easily reached by this line.

JAS. STEPHENSON,
General Passenger Agent, Montreal.

L. J. SERGEANT,
Traffic Manager, Montreal.

FRED H. SMALL,
Passenger Agent, Bangor.

BLAKE, BARROWS & BROWN
Agents, No. 9 Central Street.

june28 sn 2m

HOT HOUSE FRAMES

For Sale.

A complete set of Hot-House Frames, Sash, etc., for sale. May be seen on the premises.

59 BROADWAY.

July3 sn

THE NEW CONTRACT

—OF THE—

Connecticut Mutual Life Ins. Co.

(7) That wisest of features, Non-forfeiture is embraced in the contract, the paid policy values exceeding those prescribed by any State law.

The well-known economical management of the Company, and the unequaled security offered by its three per cent. standard of reserve, furnish

(8) The safest place in the world for the people to deposit annually small or large sums of money.

H. N. FAIRBANKS,
General Agent for Maine,
Bangor, Me.

E. A. CLIFFORD, Special Agent.

jy7 sntw

LANSIL & GOULD,

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

First class work in all its branches. VIEWS of BANGOR and vicinity.

POTE BLOCK.

BANGOR, - - - MAINE.

July6 tf sn

HOWARD'S

Insurance Agency.

FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, ACCIDENT.

Leading American Companies only

represented at this Agency.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office.

D. M. HOWARD,

No. 3 Exchange Block, State St.

june23 sn 3m

R. H. PARKS & CO.

—DEALERS IN—

Stocks, Cotton and Grain

13 New St., and 72 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

R. H. Parks, Member Chicago Board of Trade, New York Produce Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange.

H. E. Dillingham, Member New York Cotton Exchange.

C. G. White, Member New York Stock Exchange.

Private wire to Chicago.

ay24 sn

I SHALL GIVE SPECIAL

attention to the Piano trade for the next SIXTY DAYS. Come and buy a piano cheaper than you ever bought

L. J. WHEELDEN,

76 Main St., Bangor.

July9 sn 4w

W. O. COLOMY & CO.,

Have a New Full Line Of

NOBBY SPRING SUITS AND OVERCOATS,

Men's Fine Summer Suits,

FROM $7.00 TO $25.00.

Boys' Suits $3 to $12.

CHILDREN'S SUITS IN GREAT VARIETY.

HATS, TRUNKS AND RUBBER COATS.

CALL AND SEE OUR NEW GOODS.

Money Always Refunded if Wanted.

3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

may16 sn

MARSTON'S

is the place to get the BEST Photographs all the year round. PRICES MODERATE.

aug10 sn

WE HAVE FOR SALE THE

8 Pr Cent Preferred Stock

—OF THE—

NORTHWESTERN

MANUFACTURING AND CAR CO.,

(Of Stillwater, Minn.)

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE QUARTERLY.

Please call at our office for full particulars and references from Banks and Investors here and elsewhere. A thorough investigation will convince you of its merits as a safe and desirable investment.

MASON & REYNOLDS,

BANKERS.

ma23

GRAND TRUNK

RAILWAY COMPANY

OF CANADA.

Important Notice.

The through Express train between the East and the West, over the Great Western Division, (Rail to and Suspension Bridge) to Detroit, will continue to make connection at Detroit with the Michigan Central Railroad and at Suspension Bridge with the New York Central Railroad, under the new train arrangements, to commence with the expiration of the Boston and New York sleepers, which will run between these points and Detroit, instead of Chicago.

Yours truly,

JAS. STEPHENSON,
General Passenger Agent, Montreal.

L. J. SERGEANT,
Traffic Manager, Montreal.

FRED H. SMALL,
Passenger Agent, Bangor, Me.

june14 Com copy sn 1m

U. S. GOV'T. STATE, CITY, TOWN and RAILROAD BONDS

Bought and Sold by

Bowler & Merrill, Bankers,

(And Proprietors of the Bangor Safe Deposit Vaults)

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block,

BANGOR.

mch28 sn

Vessel Repairing.

Having a large crew of carpenters and caulkers constantly employed in the yard, we are prepared to do all kinds of vessel work with quickness and despatch.

Master Workman J. B. HATHORN will continue in charge of all repairs, and the yard will be kept supplied with all kinds of stock, including

HARD PINE OF ALL SIZES.

For vessels not wishing to go on the railways, we have one of the best hoisters on the river.

E. & I. K. STETSON,

Ship Builders and Repairers and Proprietors of the Bangor and Brewer Marine Railway.

apr24 sn 3m

Stable Building

FOR SALE.

The two-story frame stable building on Pine Street, about sixty by twenty feet, formerly owned by Samuel Larrabee, will be sold to be removed from the premises.

Apply at the

WHIG & COURIER OFFICE.

July4 sn tf

FIRE

Insurance effected in the STRONGEST COMPANIES, both American and English, on desirable property of all kinds, at equitable rates.

LOSSES

adjusted and paid promptly at our office. Some of our Companies issue policies without a "thirty days" clause, and *pay claims without discount* for interest, on receipt of "Proofs of Loss."

Call on, or Telephone

BLAKE, BARROWS & BROWN,

9 Central St., Bangor.

Office hours—8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

june16 sn

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Any person who shall keep any *swine* within one mile of Kenduskeag Bridge without a *special license* therefor from the Mayor and Aldermen, shall forfeit and pay a *penalty of not exceeding* $20.00. All persons are hereby warned to remove any swine so kept without license, forthwith. All complaints made to the undersigned against keepers of swine will be properly attended to.

MICHAEL BOYCE, Health Officer.

Bangor, June 8th, 1883. sn tf

—FOR—

FORT POINT

—AND—

NORTHPORT.

The Steamer RALPH ROSS or BOWELL will make their regular season's trip to Fort Point and Northport every Saturday, commencing June 30th, touching at all the landings, leaving steamboat wharf at 4 P. M., and returning from Northport at 6 A. M. Monday morning.

Fare each way 50 cents.

June 28th, 1883. (Com copy) 1sep11

DIED.

In this city, July 10th, Mrs. Mary Ann, widow of the late Daniel B. Hinckley, aged 74 years and 11 months.

In this city, July 10th, Mattie E., daughter of Wm. C. and Sarah D. Averill, aged 22 years and 8 days.

Funeral from her father's residence, 75 York Street, this (Thursday) afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited. Burial private.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

WEDNESDAY, July 11.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Penobscot, Britt, Boston.
Steamer Cambria, Nelson, East Machias.

CLEARED.

Steamer Cambridge, Ingraham, Boston.
Sch Belinda, Foster, Cheverie, N S.
Sch Penobscot, Erskine, Wellfleet, Hopkins & Stanford.

MARITIME MISCELLANY.

Ship Wm H Conner, Colcord, at San Francisco July 1, from Liverpool, encountered a hurricane from NE to S, June 3, lat 11 N, lon 119 45 W, during which lost several sails.

New Orleans, July 2—Brig James Miller, Warren, from Philadelphia, carried away foretopmast backstay during a storm.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

BOSTON. Ar 9th, schr Telegraph, Post, Bangor.

NEW YORK. Ar 9th, schrs Tantamount, Pendleton, Bangor, Hannibal, Hamilton, do; Fannie Butler, Randall, do; Mary Stewart Coombs, do; Grace Cushing, Mosher, do; Lizzie L Mills, Almstrom, do; Franconia, Allen, do; George Savage, Lowe, Deer Island. Cld, bark A C Wade, Sherman, Sagua.

BRUNSWICK Ga. Ar 6th, schr Annie E Lewis, Lewis, New York.

GLOUCESTER. Ar 7th, schr Mary Lymburner, Booker, Hallowell for New York.

JACKSONVILLE. Ar 2d, schr Fannie A Gorham, Welch, Palatka. Sld 4th, schr Annie F Chase, Poole, New York.

PENSACOLA. Cld 5th, ship Riverside, Langdon, Shropshire.

PERTH AMBOY. Sld 7th, schr Isaiah K Stetson, Ferguson, Bangor.

PORTSMOUTH, NH. Ar 6th, schr William A Duboscq, Gates, Hoboken for Dover. Cld, schr Kate Walker, Ferguson, Philadelphia.

SAN FRANCISCO. Ar 1st, ship El Dorado, Baker, Wilmington.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Ar at Alicante, to July 9, bark Chas E Lewis, Race, New York.

Ar at Corunna, July 3, bark J W Dresser, Kane, New York.

At Departure Bay, June 27, ship Bulmer, Reed, for San Francisco.

SALT RHEUM

Wonderful Cures of Salt Rheum when Physicians, Hospitals and all other Means Failed.

SALT RHEUM.

I have been a great sufferer with Salt Rheum for thirty years, commencing in my head and face and extending over the greater part of my body. I have taken gallons of medicine for the blood of different kinds and tried good physicians, all of which did me no good, and I came to the conclusion that I could not be cured. But a friend called my attention to CUTICURA REMEDIES. Got them and used them until my skin is perfectly smooth, and I consider myself entirely cured. Yours truly,

AGAWAM, Mass. E. WILSON LOAD.

SALT RHEUM.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are the greatest medicines on earth. Had the worst case Salt Rheum in this country. My mother had it twenty years, and in fact died from it. I believe CUTICURA would have saved her life. My arms, breast and head were covered for three years, which nothing relieved or cured until I used the CUTICURA RESOLVENT (blood purifier) internally, and CUTICURA SOAP (the great skin cures) externally.

NEWARK, Ohio. J. W. ADAMS.

SALT RHEUM.

I had tried every thing I had heard of in the East and West for Salt Rheum. My case was considered a very bad one. My face, head and some parts of my body were almost raw. Head covered with scabs and sores. Suffering fearful, no two physicians agreed, no wonder, they did not treat it, and some of them think now I am only cured temporarily. I think not, for I have not a particle of Salt Rheum about me, and my case is considered wonderful. Thank to CUTICURA REMEDIES.

DECATUR, Mich. MRS. S. E. WHIPPLE.

SALT RHEUM.

No system of remedies ever compounded so thoroughly eradicate the diseases for which they are intended as the CUTICURA REMEDIES. Many remain blind to their cures to my great knowledge, and I feel said in warranting satisfaction if the cuticura are followed. *Medicines that so fallibly cure Salt Rheum as* CUTICURA REMEDIES *do, will cure any kind of a skin disease.*

CHAS. H. MORSE, *Druggist,*
Proprietor MORSE'S LIVER PILL CURE.

HOLLISTON, Mass.

Price, CUTICURA 50c. and $1.00 per box. RESOLVENT, $1.00 per bottle. CUTICURA SOAP, 25c. CUTICURA SHAVING SOAP, 15c. Sold everywhere.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

DIANA'S BATH, for Rough, Chapped or Greasy Skin, Black Heads, Pimples, Skin Blemishes, and Infant Humors, is *Cuticura Soap*, an exquisite *Skin Beautifier* and Toilet, Bath and Nursery sanative.

Unequaled Purity, Impure Water, Unhealthy Climate, Unwholesome Food, Malaria, Epidemic and Contagious Diseases, Cholera, Colic, Cramps, Pains, Indigestion, Colds, Chills, Simple Fevers, Exhaustion, Nervousness, or Loss of Sleep that beset the traveler or household at this season are nothing to those protected by a timely use of *Sanford's Ginger*, the delicious and only combination of Imported Ginger, choice Aromatics and Pure French Brandy. *Beware* of worthless "ginger" and take no *imitation*. Ask for *Sanford's Ginger*. Sold everywhere.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS *(Instantaneous as applied)*, of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica Coughs, Colds, Weak Back, Stomach and Bowels, Shooting Pains, Numbness, Hysteria, Female Pains, Palpitation, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bilious Fever, Malaria, and Spinalgia, are *Collins' Plasters* (as *Electric Battery* combined with *Porous Plaster*) and laugh at pain. 25c. everywhere.

jy12 MTh&w

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

Ferris Pig Hams

—AND—

BR AKFAST BACON,

—AT—

CHARLES DWINEL'S.

June28 eod

INSTRUCTION.

Pupils wishing instruction during vacation in **Latin, German, French and Mathematics,**

Can apply to

PROF. CARL BRAUN,
77½ State St.

jy10 1m

For Sale.

Matched pair of black horses, weighing about one hundred each. Good roadsters, sound and kind. Six and seven years old. Enquire of

GEO. W. ROSS,
Vanceboro, Me.

July10 1w

The place to have your

CARPETS DUSTED,

thoroughly, is

68 Exchange Street.

We furnish a man to take up and put down carpets if required. No extra charge for tracking. Can work as well stormy days as fine.

W. H. EARLE & CO.

march 23 eod

DON'T READ THIS!

Unless you want to engage as agent for one of the

Fastest Selling Articles Out!

No trouble to sell and pays a good commission. Country traders, town samples, livery men, confectioners, etc., particularly wanted to act as agents. Goods sent on sale to responsible parties. Address,

BAKER & CO.,
Bangor, Maine.

W 28 6w

Excursions, &c.

NINTH

ANNUAL EXCURSION

—OF THE—

Bangor Reform Club.

The Reform Club cordially invite all temperance people to accompany them on their ninth annual excursion,

Wednesday, July 18th,

In Steamer QUEEN CITY, leaving Bangor at 8 A. M. sharp, and proceeding to

ISLESBORO,

making landings at

Ryder's Cove and Fletcher's Harbor

where Music, Dancing, Games, Races and other Athletic Sports can be enjoyed by all who wish.

Fare 50 cents for adults, 25 cents for children under 10 years.

PER ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

july11

The First Baptist Sabbath School

and Society will make their

ANNUAL EXCURSION

—TO—

ISLESBORO,

On Steamer Queen City,

FRIDAY, JULY 18th,

Leaving at 8 o'clock A. M.

Tickets 50 cts. Children under 12 years, 25 cts.

jy10

THE FIRST PARISH

Sabbath School and Society will make their Annual Excursion to

ISLESBORO,

Landing at Ryder's Cove and Hewes' Point,

Thursday, July 12th,

On the Steamer Queen City, leaving at 8 o'clock. The Harpists will furnish music.

jy10

EXCURSION.

St. John's (Episcopal) Parish and Sunday school, with their Friends, will make their annual excursion on

Friday, July 13th,

GOING TO

FORT POINT and ISLESBORO,

on the Barge "Clifford," leaving the Upper Steamboat Wharf at 8 o'clock A. M.

Music will accompany the Excursion.

Fare 50 cts, children half price.

July 10, 1883.

The Annual Excursion

—OF THE—

Central Church Sunday School,

—WILL OCCUR ON—

Thursday, July 12th,

on the Barge, leaving the wharf promptly at 8 A. M., landing probably at Hewes' Point. Will be accompanied by the Bangor Band.

July9

MONSTER

Band Tournament

—AT—

LAKE MARANACOOK,

Tuesday, July 17, 1883.

$585 CASH PRIZES. $585

SPECIAL PRIZE OF

$300 THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS $300

Offered by the Management to be contested for by

CHANDLER'S

Famous Military Band,

OF PORTLAND,

—AND—

GLOVER'S CHAMPION BAND,

OF AUBURN.

The Monster Band

—OF—

1500 Musicians in a Grand Concert

Dancing in the Mammoth Pavilion FREE.

Special excursion trains on the Maine Central and all connecting roads. For fares and full particulars see time tables and posters.

WINSHIP & COLLINS, Managers,

PORTLAND, ME.

July7 td

CARD.

Having disposed of my stock in trade to Messrs. Pritchard and Fairbanks, I take this opportunity to thank my patrons for their liberal patronage in the past and recommend them to my successors. All bills must be presented to me for settlement at once at the old stand.

WM. H. HILL.

Bangor, July 7th, 1883. eodtw

CHARLES HIGHT

Has a Nice Line of

Pocket Knives, Ladies' Shopping Bags, Pocket Books, &c.,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

jy3

PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING.

Mr. Geo. W. Oakman of Boston,

desires to announce that he will make his semi-annual visit to Bangor about July 19th, for one month. Parties desiring his services will please leave their orders at "Bugbee's."

June23

Screen Doors,

All Sizes, at Low Prices.

W. P. DICKEY & CO.

July7

Live While You Live.

The epicure would say, and seize the pleasures of the present day, by buying your Meats, &c., of

M. G. & C. H. RICE,
1 & 2 Norombega Market.

July3

A GOOD TIME

During Vacation to Have Your Hymn Books and S. S. Books Re-bound by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

July10

Wanted.

A responsible party to cut a field of grass.

S. LAUGHTON.

June29

Lost or Stolen.

Book No. 1,025, issued by Brewer Savings Bank to Rebecca B. Kingsbury, Jan. 31 1883. Any person finding said book is requested to leave it with

E. P. FARRINGTON, Treasurer
Brewer Savings Bank.

July 6, 1883. 4TW*

Elegant Family Horse,

Phaeton, harness, etc., for sale. Enquire at Dummer's Stable, Columbia street.

June9 tf

Strayed

To the farm of J. L. Lee, on the night of the 5th, an old Black Mare. Owner please call, claim property and pay charges.

J. L. LEE,
Broadway Road.

jy10 2t

HAY SPREADERS.

"Just 4 Spreaders—will sell for $24.50—Cash with order—1 horse—no more at the price.

FRED ATWOOD, Winterport, Me.

jy7 MWSw&w

J. D. CLYNN,

—DEALER IN—

Books and Stationery,

Newspapers, Periodicals, &c., also Wall Paper and Borders.

8 STATE STREET.

"BOSS ALDERMEN,"

—AND—

PAVING CONTRACTS,

"Ye Have With You Always,"

BUT THE CELEBRATED

"Figaro" 5c Cigar,

Is a Rare and Choice Article and Causes no Discussions.

Las ordenes que se reciban, ya sean para esta Isla la Península o el Estado, serán con la mayor brevedad y exactitud, y segun la costumbre del comercio.

HAVANA 226 MANRIQUE ST.

If you want a green Havana or one well seasoned, call and try them. They give a satisfactory matinee "sure."

ARA WARREN, Druggist,

jy12 BANGOR, ME.

KNIGHT'S

IMPROVED

SAW MILL DOGS,

Equal to Any, Inferior to None.

For Sale by the

HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON CO.

Bangor, Maine,

AGENTS FOR MAINE.

july11

Robinson's Insect Powder.

(Finest, freshly imported.) Sure death to all insect life. In bottles or bulk in any quantity at LOWEST PRICES at

ROBINSON'S APOTHECARY STORE, - - NO. 11 GRANITE BLOCK.

July9

To Close Out the Lot

We offer 140 Genuine Sawyer Men's Suits, three styles, at the extraordinary low price of $10.00, worth $15.00.

85 All-Wool Boys' Suits, age 9 to 14, for $4.25, worth $6.00.

These are by far the GREATEST BARGAINS ever offered at

J. WATERMAN'S "BOSS CLOTHING HOUSE"

75 AND 77 EXCHANGE ST.

Sign of the Dressed Man. BANGOR.

june27 1tr

BIG BARGAINS.

NICE, STYLISH, SUMMER MILLINERY.

We Must Sell It Off at Some Price While it is Wanted.

19 Main Street, - - - - C. W. COFFIN.

june30

Drink Sparkling Waters.

In addition to my former list of Mineral Waters, I now have on draught

GENUINE SARATOGA WATERS,

fresh from the Springs, with all its natural gas and liveliness. Also the new favorite

ROSICRUCIAN WATER.

found in this State, which is by many considered better than Apollinaris. I sell POLAND WATER by the gallon or other package. My list now of iced waters by the glass is, Apollinaris, Vichy, Saratoga, Pullna, Honyadi Janos, Friederichshall, Hathorn, and the best soda water with real Fruit Syrups.

4 SMITH BLOCK, - - N. S. HARLOW.

June29

Fistula and Piles

Cured without the Use of the Knife

WILLIAM READ (M. D., Harvard, 1842), and ROBERT M. READ, (M. D., Harvard, 1876) 41 *Somerset Street, Boston*, give special attention to the treatment of *FISTULA, PILES AND ALL DISEASES OF THE RECTUM*, without detention from business. Abundant reference given. Pamphlets sent on application.

Office Hours—12 to 4 o'clock P. M. (except Sunday).

feb5 eod 1yr

For Mount Hope.

The OMNIBUS will leave West Market Square every day at 2:30 P. M., for Mt. Hope.

BACON, ROBINSON & CO.

may11 Com copy eodtf

28 Main Street. 28

is the place to buy

BOOTS and SHOES,

where you can find the best assortment at the

LOWEST PRICES.

J. A. BUZZELL,

28 Main Street.

april30

CITY DRUG STORE.

Swift & Courtney's

PARLOR MATCHES,

W. E. MANN,

CITY DRUG STORE.

CITY DRUG STORE.

"LUSTRO,"

highly recommended for polishing Nickel, Silver, &c. In bottles at 25 cents.

WM. E. MANN,

CITY DRUG STORE.

CITY DRUG STORE.

I have received a large invoice of first quality

English Tooth Brushes,

made especially for my retail trade and imported direct. Will be sold at 25 cents each.

WM. E. MANN,

CITY DRUG STORE.

jan29

PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS.

Bangor, July 9th, 1883. Com col

MILL OILS

—OF—

ALL KINDS,

—AT—

BOSTON PRICES.

—ALSO—

Dutch Red Marked Chalk

—AT—

W. S. NICKERSON'S,

131 Exchange Street,

Strawberries, Bananas,

PINE APPLES and ORANGES.

Also a very Low Price on new crop of CROSSE and BLACKWELL'S OLIVE

FRED T. HALL & CO.'S

RED STORE.

may

Sugar Cured Hams.

Bologna Sausage, Cooked Ham and Breakfast Bacon at

CHAS. YORK & CO.

9 and 11 Granite Block.

july7

Deane Steam Pumps

—FOR—

BOILER FEEDING

Fire Purposes,

Tanneries,

AND HEAVY DUTIES GENERALLY.

FOR SALE BY

HENRY McLAUGHLIN,

AGENT.

FRONT STREET.

June22

PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS,

(After many years)

may again be found ready for

Stove, Furnace, Tin Ware and Sheet Iron Business,

At the Store,

No. 133 Exchange St.,

(Opposite the old stand of W. H. Pritchard)

formerly occupied by W. H. Hill, whose good and good will they have recently purchased.

Soliciting your patronage we remain respectfully,

PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS.

Bangor, July 9th, 1883. Com col

"SUMMER VACATION"

Buy your Trunks, Travelling Bags, &c., where you can find an entirely new and fresh stock to select from.

I have just received an entire new stock throughout of trunks suitable for ladies and gentlemen; also a full and complete line of valises and Travelling Bags in all styles and qualities.

Please call and examine. As I have no old stock to work off, I can assure you perfect satisfaction in PRICE and quality.

HARNESS HARNESS.

A nice assortment of hand-made harnesses of my own manufacture. In quality and price I DEFY COMPETITION. Also a full assortment of Whips, Lap Robes and all goods usually found in Harness shops at the very lowest prices.

REMEMBER, I will PAY YOU to examine my stock before purchasing.

C. E. McLAUGHLIN,
No. 4 HARLOW ST.

may27 1w* eod

WM. H. HARLOW,

STENCIL CUTTER,

And Manufacturer of all kinds of Rubber Stamps, Seal Inking, Dating, Numbering and Postage Stamps. Also Seal Presses and Seals, &c.

No. 45 EXCHANGE ST.

BANGOR, MAINE.

Nurse for the Sick.

Having had experience as a nurse, and can give good references, I am now prepared to give my services wherever wanted, at reasonable prices. Apply at

95 PRESCOTT STREET.

A. DEGALLS.

jy12 1m*

Whig & Courier.

THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1883.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

BOWDOIN COLLEGE.

Address by Rev Newman Smyth—Alumni Day—President Chamberlain's Resignation Accepted.

BRUNSWICK, July 11. In his address before the Phi Beta Kappa, Mr. Smyth took for a subject "The Art of Thinking." The general condition of success in this as in any other art, he said, is that the workman should have joy in his work; this cannot be the portion of the mere trade; the thinker must have broad, generous sympathies with men.

This is Alumni Day at Bowdoin.

The beautiful weather still continues. Things look now as if this would be one of the most enjoyable Commencements in the history of the college. Many of the most distinguished Alumni were seen on the campus this morning on their way to attend the meetings of the two boards and the class reunions. At half-past nine the annual meetings of the Phi Beta Kappa Society was held in Alumni Hall for the dispatch of business.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, Hon Joseph W. Symonds. Vice President, Rev. E. C. Cummings. Secretary and Treasurer, Prof. F. C. Robinson.

Literary Committee, Prof. H. L. Chapman, Prof. J. B. Sewall, Hon. W. L. Putnam, Rev. E. N. Packard, Daniel Lindsay.

The following members of the Senior class were elected members: Henry Atascom, Herbert E. Cole, John E. Dinsmore, Howard L. Goodwin, Edward F. Holden, Edward A. Packard, William A. Parkins, Noah B. K. Pettingill, Chas. H. Robinson, Geo. B. Swan and Geo. Colby Verrington, of the class of '78.

Last September a committee of the Phi Beta Kappa throughout the United States met at Saratoga for the purpose of forming a new constitution with the idea of advancing the literary character of the society. Seven chapters at that time adopted the constitution formed and Bowdoin Chapter today unanimously agreed to adopt it. This constitution will go into effect as soon as fourteen chapters have adopted it.

The Alumni Association was called to order at 10.30 A. M., by the President of the Association. Routine business was transacted. Prof. C. C. Everett of Harvard College, Melville Fuller of Chicago, John L. Crosby of Bangor, Daniel C. Prescott, Boston, James McKeen, New York, F. H. Gerrish, Portland, and Oliver C. Stevens, of Boston, were elected a committee to confer with special committees from the New York, Boston and Portland Alumni Associations to consider the question of electing a Board of Overseers by the Alumni.

Resignation of President Chamberlain Accepted.

The Board of Trustees and Overseers accepted the resignation of President Chamberlain this forenoon, but voted to ask him to remain as a Lecturer on Political Economy. Hon. Peleg W. Chandler, Rev. John A. Fiske, D. D., Rev. E. B. Webb, D. D., on the part of the Trustees, and Hon. W. L. Putnam, Prof. J. B. Sewall, Mr. Stephen Allen and Hon. J. W. Symonds, on the part of the Overseers, were appointed a committee to nominate a president.

The Boards voted to accept Fryeburg and Washington Academies as fitting schools.

Geo. Thomas Little was elected College Professor in Latin, and G. H. Atwood, Assistant Professor in Modern Languages. Several classes held a reunion at the Tontine Hotel to-night—'73, '58 and '33. Chandler's Band gave a concert.

Base Ball.

A very large crowd assembled on the Delta to witness the game of ball between the old base ball nine of '76 and '81 and the present college club. The game resulted in favor of the college team by a score of 17 to 5.

The Topic of Conversation.

BOSTON, July 11. A special to the Journal from Brunswick says the resignation of President Chamberlain of Bowdoin College, has been the principal topic to-day among the alumni and friends of the College. It is believed Prof. Egbert C. Smyth of Andover will be tendered the position.

THE PRESS EXCURSION.

Arrival at Halifax.

HALIFAX, July 11. The Maine Press excursionists, numbering, with ladies and friends, over fifty, arrived here this evening. To-morrow the Halifax press will give them an excursion on the harbor and northwest arm and in the evening they will attend a theatrical performance at the Academy of Music in a body. They return Friday.

VETERANS' EXCURSION.

The Maine Veteran Association of Massachusetts.

BOSTON, July 11. The annual meeting of the Maine Veteran Association of Massachusetts occurred last evening. Some members were in attendance and voted to join the 2d Cavalry and 15th, 21st, 22d, and 23d Infantry Associations on their annual excursion to Farmington, August 14th, 15th and 16th, and take with them the Maplewood Band. The Association will, while in Maine, visit the G. A. R. Encampment at Maranocook Lake.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

Another Collision.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., July 11. A train from this city, containing about 75 members of the Masonic Lodges, while returning from Jamestown collided with a freight train on the Buffalo and South Western Road early this morning, instantly killing the conductor and one brakeman and fatally injuring another brakeman. No one was hurt on the excursion train.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The Tewksbury Matter.

BOSTON, July 11. An order was introduced in the House this afternoon by Joiner of Great Barrington, Democrat, that the Speaker issue a warrant to the Sergent-at-arms for the arrest of Thomas J. Marsh, Jr., whenever he may be found and have his body at the bar of the House forthwith to answer for contempt in refusing to comply with the order to produce his memoranda of the disposal of the dead from Tewksbury sent away for dissection. The order was laid over till to-morrow on the request of Hill, of Haverhill, Republican.

BOLD BANK ROBBERY.

Two Families Living Near Bound and Gagged.

ALBANY, July 10. The bank at Franklin, N. Y., was robbed early this morning of $800 in silver. Two families living near were bound and gagged and after two hours' work the burglars blew open the safe. The explosion tore out nearly the whole front of the building and set fire to the papers. The money of the bank was in another safe. The robbers were tracked to near Oreonto.

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS.

A Harmonious Convention

HARRISBURG, July 11. The Republican State Convention was called to order at 12:15 P. M. There were no contested seats. Gen. Lemuel Todd was elected temporary chairman; secretaries were elected, committees chosen and a recess taken.

The convention reassembled shortly after 3 P. M., and the committee on permanent organization reported the name of John Cessan for chairman, with the usual list of vice presidents and secretaries. The report was adopted and Mr. Cessan upon taking the chair made an address congratulating the convention on the spirit of harmony shown. At the conclusion of Mr. Cessan's address the following platform was unanimously adopted:

The Platform.

We unqualifiedly approve and demand a continuance of the system of protection to home industries which has proved itself to be the basis of National independence, an incentive to industrial skill and development and the guarantee of a just and adequate scale of wages for labor; and we denounce all attempts to reduce the rates of tariff below a level which will accomplish these objects.

As the depreciated trade dollar is largely in the hands of our laboring people and is a disturbing element in the business of this country, we declare it to be the duty of Congress to adopt such legislation as will insure its full redemption and conversion into other coin for circulation.

We protest against foreign governments aiding or enforcing the emigration of pauper and criminal classes to this country and we call upon the general government to take proper steps to prevent the same.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania most heartily endorse the conservative administration of President Arthur, and believe that his administrative policy has, under the circumstances, done much to secure the present happy and prosperous condition of the country, and we recognize in him a faithful and worthy successor of our lamented martyr President, James A. Garfield.

We heartily approve of the provision made by the Republicans in Congress for giving the patriot soldiers of the late war a preference, according to qualifications, for positions under the Government. The soldier and sailor and their widows and orphans have a first claim on the care, protection and gratitude of the American people.

We commend every effort to inaugurate a thorough and correct civil service reform in all departments of the National and State administrations.

We believe that all offices bestowed within the party should be on the sole basis of fitness and that competent and faithful officers should not be removed except for cause, and that the ascertained popular will shall be faithfully carried out by those holding office by favor of the party.

The Republican party of Pennsylvania hereby pledges itself to secure the passage of such legislation as will tend to reform the government of the State and its municipalities, and more particularly pledges itself to provide for the cities such reform charters as will correct existing abuses and promote a good and economical government.

The Democratic party in the Legislature of Pennsylvania is responsible for retarding legitimate and necessary business of Legislature, causing the calling of an extra session, at an expense of more than $200,000 and preventing a fair and just apportionment of the State congressional, legislative and judicial districts, and we hereby heartily commend the action of the Republican Senate on these measures.

Whereas, It is the sense of this convention that the freest and fullest expression of Republican sentiment should be encouraged and sought in the primary meetings, which are the fountain of party action and the source of popular rule, and that this object will be promoted by holding primaries for the election of delegates to State conventions throughout the State, as far as practicable, at some convenient day not remote from the convention;

Therefore resolved, That the State Committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of fixing a uniform day throughout the State for the holding of primaries for the election of delegates to State Conventions.

The Nominations.

The convention then proceeded to ballot for State Treasurer. There were nine candidates in the field and five ballots were had without choice, but on the sixth ballot all but four were withdrawn and Wm. Livesey, of Allegheny, was nominated. The convention then took a recess till 9 o'clock. When the convention reassembled Mr. Niles, for Auditor General was nominated and the nominations made unanimous. The convention then adjourned.

THE LATE ARCHBISHOP.

Imposing Funeral Services.

CINCINNATI, July 11. The funeral of Archbishop Purcell was one of the most solemn services ever seen in the cathedral. Crowds filled the building to repletion. The body of the Archbishop laid in a casket at the head of the main aisle. Bishop Elden, coadjutor of the deceased bishop, was celebrant of the occasion. Fully one hundred priests in white in addition to the bishops and archbishops in purple were in attendance. Bishop Gilmore delivered the eulogy.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS.

National Convention.

CLEVELAND, July 11. The National Convention of Commercial Travellers began its annual session to-day. Forty delegates are present.

NEW YORK.

Pauper Immigrants Not Allowed to Land.

NEW YORK, July 11. Five pauper Polish Jew families were brought to this port yesterday by the steamer Lydian. The emigration authorities have notified the steamship company that the immigrants must be returned to London where they from.

THE TURF.

Races at Newport.

PROVIDENCE, July 11. There was an increased attendance at Aquidneck Park races, at Newport, to-day. In the 2:38 class, purse $250 divided, John Love first, Galanthis second, best time 2:34½. In the 2:32 class, purse $300 divided, Green Boy first, Walter P. second, best time 2:33¼.

At Bennington.

BENNINGTON, July 11. At the second day of the Grand Northern circuit trotting races the weather was good. There was a larger attendance than yesterday. In the three-minute race, 6 entries, Lizzie D., of Youngstown, O., was first, Berkshire Girl, North Adams, second; best time 2:39½. In the 2:33 race, George, North Adams, first, Sam, New York, second; best time 2:35.

STRIKES AVERTED.

The Western Union Accedes to the Demands of the Operators.

NEW YORK, July 11. There is no doubt that a strike by the Telegraphic Brotherhood was arranged and was to have taken effect Monday next. It appears that certain demands were made by the Brotherhood upon the Western Union Telegraph Company, one of which was that the hours of labor should be regulated upon a different basis from that which has been in vogue. It is understood the telegraph company have to-day promulgated an order to the effect that hereafter the hours of work in the day time shall be nine hours and at night seven hours. All Sunday work is hereafter to be paid for extra. These terms are said to be the main features of the demand made by the Brotherhood.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Not Yellow Fever

WASHINGTON, July 11. The U. S. steamer Vandalia, recently returned from the West Indies, has been quarantined at Norfolk, Va., to await the development of a case of sickness which attacked one of the men on the 9th inst., as there is a possibility of its being yellow fever.

BASE BALL.

Wednesday's Record.

At Buffalo: New York, 7; Buffalo, 4.
At Cleveland: Cleveland, 7; Philadelphia, 1.
At Chicago: Providence, 1; Chicago, 11.
At Detroit: Boston, 8; Detroit, 2.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Still an Open Question.

CONCORD, July 11. The ballot for U. S. Senator to-day resulted as follows:

Whole number,	311
Necessary for choice,	156
Jeremiah Smith,	1
John J. Morrill,	1
Wm. L. Ladd,	1
Chas. H. Burns,	1
Chas. H. Bell,	2
Harry E. Burnham,	2
Gilman Marston,	17
Aaron F. Stevens,	16
James F. Briggs,	29
James W. Patterson,	28
Edward H. Rollins,	101
Harry Bingham,	109
Joab N. Patterson,	1
Wm. E Chandler,	1
Wm. L. Foster,	1

The joint convention took a recess until three o'clock when another ballot will be taken.

A Second Ballot.

The ballot for U. S. Senator this afternoon resulted as follows:

Whole number cast,	302
Necessary to a choice,	152
William S. Ladd,	1
John J. Morrill,	1
Chas. H. Burns,	1
A. B. Thompson,	1
Wm. L. Foster,	1
Austin F. Pike,	1
Wm. E. Chandler,	1
Chas. H. Bell,	1
Jeremiah Smith,	1
Mason W. Tappan,	1
Aaron F. Stevens,	18
Gilman Marston,	19
Jas. W. Patterson,	26
James F. Briggs,	30
Edward H. Rollins,	81
Henry Bingham,	106

Tappan received all but one vote from Sullivan county, which had heretofore been solid for Rollins. The changes on this ballot are looked upon by many as foreshadowing the speedy termination of the contest.

Third Ballot.

Whole number,	299
Necessary for choice,	150
Chas. H. Burns,	1
A. B. Thompson,	1
John J. Morrill,	1
Daniel Barnard,	1
Wm. S. Ladd,	1
Wm. L. Foster,	1
Austin F. Pike,	1
Wm. E. Chandler,	1
Henry E. Burnham,	1
Jeremiah Smith,	5
Mason W. Tappan,	14
Aaron F. Stevens,	14
Gilman Marston,	19
Jas. W. Patterson,	24
James F. Briggs,	30
Edward H. Rollins,	79
Harry Bingham,	104

A Letter from Mr. Rollins.

Mr. Rollins has addressed the following letter to Hon. Gilman Marston, Aaron F. Stevens, James T. Briggs and James W. Patterson:

At a Republican Conference of the members of the Legislature, held June 14, I was nominated a candidate for U. S. Senator. By virtue of that nomination I believed I was entitled to the support of every Republican member of the Senate and House of Representatives. Twenty-two ballots have been taken with no choice. This fact makes it evident that a portion of the Republican members persist in refusing to support the caucus nominee. The harmony of the Republican party is very seriously impaired and there seems to be danger of a permanent division, if not an absolute disruption of the organization.

The Republican party has honored me with its confidence for a series of years and I have supported it faithfully, conscientiously and to the best of my ability. In the same spirit of devotion to the party I am willing to do anything in my power to remove the difficulties without regard to any personal consideration. I therefore propose to you, gentlemen, each of whom has received a considerable support from those who refuse to abide the result of the caucus that each of us should withdraw from the contest and leave the field open to the further consideration of the party.

Upon receiving your assent to this proposal I will at once publicly and positively withdraw my acceptance of the nomination of the caucus. Soliciting a reply at an hour not later than 9 A. M. Thursday, July 12th, I have the honor to be

Your obedient servant,
E. H. ROLLINS.

Mr. Briggs, on being interviewed this evening, said he had not yet seen Mr. Rollins' letter and that there would be a consultation in the morning of the gentlemen to whom it was addressed, but there would be probably no withdrawal of their candidacy.

CROP REPORT.

Improvement in the Condition of Cotton and Wheat Prospects.

WASHINGTON, July 11. The July report of the Department of Agriculture indicates very general improvement in the condition of cotton. Rains were general up to the 15th or 20th of June, and local showers have been frequent since then. There has been an excess of moisture, interfering with cultivating and promoting the growth of grass. Clean fields are found only in favored districts and on lands of prompt and pushing cultivators. Since June 20, growth has been rapid. In grassy districts the plants are still small, but healthy, and making great progress with recent cultivation.

The only complaint of drought comes from central and southwestern Texas, from the Colorado to the Guadaloupe. A few counties in South Carolina and Georgia report a present need of rain. Recent distribution of moisture has been quite unequal. Adams county, Miss., has had showers daily for five weeks and Pike county for six to eight weeks. The general average of condition has advanced from 86 to 90. Last July there was an improvement of three points, from 89 to 92. Returns of July since 1870 have indicated higher condition than in June, except 1871, 1873 and 1879. The spring weather was too variable in temperature and moisture, as it usually has been in former years, for the highest condition of the plants. The only retrograde is reported for Arkansas, where a loss of three points is made from excessive rain, cool nights and injuries from chinch bugs, redbants and rust.

There is a promise of improvement during July. A gain of 10 points has been made in the northern zone, North Carolina and Tennessee, 7 in Georgia, 6 in South Carolina, 4 in Texas, 3 in Mississippi, 2 in Virginia and 1 in Florida. Alabama and Louisiana stand as in June. The July State averages are as follows: Virginia, 83; North Carolina, 91; South Carolina, 91; Georgia, 93; Florida, 95; Alabama, 87; Mississippi, 89; Louisiana, 91; Texas, 93; Arkansas, 84; Tennessee, 88. Worms have wrought little injury as yet. The caterpillar has appeared at a few points from South Carolina to Texas. In Butler, Ala., the second brood of worms appeared on June 20. The boll worm is at work in Denton county, Texas. Picking will commence in southwestern Texas about the 20th of July.

There has been some improvement in winter wheat in Connecticut, New York, Virginia, South Carolina, Texas, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and California, which advances the general average of condition from 75 to 79. The spring wheat average has advanced from 98 to 100. The indications of July are of a winter wheat crop of fully 300,000,000 bushels, and a product of about 125,000,000 bushels of spring wheat.

The area of the corn crop has been increased about 2,500,000 acres, making the aggregate 68,000,000 acres. There has been some extension in area in nearly every State. The proportion of increase is large in the Northwest and Southwest. On the coast, from Virginia to the Mississippi, the advance has been small. In some places the reduction of prices on account of enlargement of supply last year had a discouraging effect. There has been too much rain in the great western maize districts, and failure of stands from planting poor seed, making the crop late and growth small, but improvement has of late been rapid. Taking all the States together, the average for corn is 96; against 98 last July, 90 in 1882, and 100 in 1880. The averages of the principal States are as follows: New York, 94; Pennsylvania, 89; Ohio, 88; Michigan, 79; Indiana, 90; Illinois, 92; Iowa, 80; Missouri, 82; Kansas, 98; Nebraska, 87; Dakota, 78. In the South, averages ranged from 90 in Tennessee to 103 in Louisiana.

IOWA.

Greenback State Convention.

DES MOINES, July 11. The Greenback State Convention was held here to-day. Hon. J. B. Weaver was nominated for Governor on the fusion ticket, and Wapello for Lieutenant Governor.

DESTRUCTIVE FLOODS.

Seventeen Persons Drowned.

LONDON, Ont., July 11. The river has risen to an unprecedented extent and the destruction of property fearful. As far as known eight houses have been carried away. Barns have been carried away by the score and railroad travel is cut off by washouts on the main line of the Pattens Siding, and on the Sarnia road the Kensington and Oxford street bridges have gone and also a large section of the line. The steamer Princess Louise has floated down the stream and carried away the Byron bridge. The water works pumping house is in great danger and is expected to go. Horses, cattle, etc., have been drowned by the scores.

Later.

Up to the present time seventeen persons are known to have been drowned.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Brief Notes.

MELBOURNE, July 11. Both Houses of the Victorian Parliament have unanimously voted an address to the Queen urging the annexing of or the establishment of a protectorate over New Guinea and other Pacific islands, and offering to share the expense of such action.

TRIPOLI, July 11. Twelve soldiers were killed here to-day by the accidental explosion of a bomb. The bomb was in the course of removal when the explosion occurred.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

The Treasury Department is advised that there are 500 head of cattle in the quarantine station at Waltham, near Boston, and that 400 more are soon expected. The Treasury advised the cattle commission that they could expend $10,000 more in the erection of temporary sheds near Boston if they so desire.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., July 12—(1 A. M.)

Indications.

For New England: Slightly warmer, generally fair weather; southeast to southwest winds; lower barometer.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, July 11. Money loaned on call at 1@2 per cent.
Prime mercantile paper 5@7.
Sterling Exchange — 4.84½ for long and 4.87½ for short sight.
State bonds dull.
Railroad bonds weak.
Government Securities closed at the following quotations:

United States new 5s,	1.03
United States new 5s, ex	101
United States new 4s, reg.	1.12
United States " 4s, coupons,	1.12
United States " 4s, reg.	1.13
United States " 4s, coupons	1.13
Pacific 6s,	127

The following are the closing prices of railroad stocks:

Chicago & Alton,	134
do preferred,	140
Chicago, Burl & Quincy,	1.41
Erie,	36
do. preferred,	50
Illinois Central,	132
Lake Shore,	1.07
Michigan Central,	90
N. J. Central,	36
Northwestern,	1.04
do. preferred,	1.41
N. Y. Central,	1.17
Rock Island,	132
St. Paul,	1.03
do. preferred,	140
Union Pacific,	1.05
Western Union,	81

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, July 11. Flour — Receipts, 16,311; exports, 250; sales, 10,000; No. 2, 2 40@3 50; superfine Western and State, 3.25@3 90; common to good extra Western and State, 3.90@4 00; good to choice do., 4.05@6 75; common to good extra Ohio, 4.00@6 50; common to choice white wheat Western, extra, 6.25@6 75; common to choice extra St. Louis, 3.90@6 75; city mill extra, 5.25@5.50; winter wheat extra, 3.90@7.00; Minnesota extra, 3.90@5.25; Southern — Extra, 4.15@5.00; choice, 5.05@6.50.

Wheat — Receipts, 1,334,000 — No. 3 spring, 90; No. 3 red, 90@a 90; No. 2 red 1.02½@a 00; No. 1 Red State, 1.19; No. 1 white, 1.18; No. 2 white, 00.

Rye firm — Canada, 70@73; Western, 63½; State, 70@73.

Barley nominal — 2-rowed State, 00@a 00; No. 2 Canada, 85.

Corn — sales 2,010,000 — Mixed western, 00; No. 3, 60@57; No. 2, 60½; Jersey yellow, 00; No. 2 white, 00@a 00; White Southern, 00@a 00; low mixed, 60.

Oats — sales 459,000 — No. 3, 40@a 00; white, 43@a 00; No. 2, 41@42½; white, 00@46; mixed western, 41@45; white, 47@50, white State, 52@51; No. 2 Chicago, 43@43½.

Sugar weak — sales 700 hhds — yellow crushed, 6½; white ex C, 5 3-16; yellow, do. 6 3-16@6 5-16; confectioners, 5½; crushed, 9½@a 9¾; powdered, 9½@a 9¾; granulated, 8 13-16; standard A, 8 13-16.

Molasses weak.

Petroleum — United 111½@a 0; crude, 7@7½; refined, 7@8½.

Tallow steady — sales 9,500 — Prime city, 7 11-16@7 13-16.

Rosin firmer — sales 878 — New mess, 15@a 15.00, clear back, 20.00@a 00 00; fancy, 00 00; family mess, 00.

Beef steady.

Lard steady — Prime steam, 8.92@a 9.00; city steam, 8.78@8 85; refined, 9.35@0.

Butter weak — Western, 10@21; Creamery, 22.

Cheese firm — State factory, 8@10½; Western, 8@8½.

Business Items.

SWAYNE'S PILLS—COMFORTING TO THE SICK. Thousands die from neglect to properly treat Impure Blood, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Apoplexy, Liver, Kidney, Heart Diseases, Dropsy, and Rheumatism. But to the debilitated, burdened with such serious sickness, we conscientiously recommend "SWAYNE'S PILLS," which contain medicinal properties possessed by no other remedy. Sent by mail for 25 cents, box of 30 pills; 5 boxes $1, (in stamps.

Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.
Sold by Druggists.
jan11 d&w 1yr

ITCHING PILES—SYMPTOMS AND CURE. The symptoms are moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night; seems as if pinworms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected. If allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" is a pleasant, sure cure. Also for Tetter, Itch, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Barbers Itch, Blotches, all scaly, crusty Skin Diseases. Sent by mail for 50 cents; 3 boxes $1.25, (in stamps.)

Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.
Sold by Druggists.
jan11 d&w 1y

IRRITATION OF THE SCALP.

AN AUTHENTIC TESTIMONY.

Gentlemen:—For five years I have been greatly troubled with dandruff, with a severe itching of the scalp, and my hair falling out. I have tried almost every known remedy, all proving worthless. Seeing BURNETT'S COCOAINE and BURNETT'S KALLISTON advertised, I procured a bottle of each, and am happy to state that the dandruff is completely removed, and no itching whatever remains.

J. E. CAVEN, Kansas City, Mo.

BURNETT'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS are the best. STF&w&w je23

The Rev. Chas. E. Piper, formerly of Pittsfield, N. H., but now of Wakefield, R. I., writes: "My wife had been an invalid for years, but Baxter's Mandrake Bitters cured her." N. H. Downs' Vegetable Balsamic Elixir always cures coughs, colds and consumption, when taken in season. Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment, for strains, bruises, cuts, swellings, old sores, etc., is excellent.
d&wlm july2

Dr. Benson's Skin Cure is without a peer. It consists of both external and internal treatment and costs only $1 per package, at druggists. d&wlw 1y10

"I wouldn't be without Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills if they cost $1 a pill. They cured me of neuralgia, of 8 years standing." Joseph Snyder, Paxtons, Pa. 50 cts. per box, at druggists. d&w

MAUD MULLER AND THE APPLES. Maud Muller stood one summer day, Quietly raking the new-mown hay. In the apple orchard, plain to be seen Was plenty of fruit, both hard and green. Rashly she ate green apples, till she Was doubled up like the letter V. With pain in her stomach and tears in her eye, Maud Muller thought she would surely die. But soon came an end of her woes I relate, For PAIN KILLER brought her great relief.

LOCAL MATTERS.

HON. W. W. Thomas, Jr., sails from New York for Sweden on the 21st.

Mrs. Caroline R. Mason, of this city, is building a summer cottage at Hancock Point.

We received an agreeable call last evening from Mr. Brackett, of the Northport *Sea Breeze*.

The family of Gen. W. T. Sherman have arrived at Bar Harbor and will pass the summer there.

A handsome seaside residence is being erected at Hancock Point by Mr. Campbell, of Cherryfield.

The new steam fire engine ordered by the town of Brewer is expected to arrive about the 20th of August.

The residence of Dr. Strickland, corner of Union and Main streets, has been purchased by F. H. Appleton, Esq.

Professor C. C. Everett, of the Harvard Divinity School, will pass the summer with his family at South West Harbor.

Mr. Charles Field has gone to Bar Harbor and will be connected during the summer with one of the roller skating rinks there.

The British schooner Alida S. Smith anchored at Fort Point last evening on her way to Bangor with a cargo of plaster rock for Morse & Co.

The junipers along the line of the E. & N. A. division of the Maine Central are showing the effect of insect ravages, the tops of the trees dying in great numbers.

Prof. A. S. Packard Jr., is to visit Aroostook Co. and investigate the worm which is said to have destroyed entire forests of spruce trees in the northern section of the State.

The Sons of Veterans of the State will have their first annual reunion at Maranocook to-day. Trains will be run by the Maine Central to accommodate the various camps.

The Bangor Water Board has ordered 4,000 feet of additional water pipe and it will be laid during the summer on Dutton, Cottage and Kossuth streets and probably on Larkin street also.

The second annual reunion of Odd Fellows will be held at Lake Maranocook to-morrow. A general invitation has been extended to members of the order throughout the State to participate.

The Arctic Ice Company, yesterday, sold the remainder of their ice at 50 cents per ton. The schooners Charley Buck and Hattie Pendleton are now at the Arctic wharves loading with crystal cakes.

A base ball game will be played between the Bangor and Belfast nines at Belfast, Saturday next, at 4 o'clock. The home nine will go down on the Boston boat and come back by Ross & Howell's boat in the evening.

At a meeting of the Trustees of Bowdoin College, Tuesday, President Chamberlain tendered his resignation. The Board of Trustees and Overseers have accepted his resignation, but voted to ask him to remain as lecturer on political economy.

Gen. Charles W. Roberts, of this city, has gone to Boston to attend the quarterly meeting at Hotel Brunswick of the trustees of the National Home of Disabled Soldiers. The trustees will then come to Maine, visit Fogus and make a trip to Moosehead Lake.

The Seventeenth Maine Regiment Association has decided to hold the reunion at Lake Auburn House, near Auburn, in response to an invitation from the members of the regiment living in that vicinity. A committee has already been organized in Lewiston and Auburn to make arrangements.

Mr. R. B. Tolles, the celebrated maker of microscopes, and especially of homogeneous immersion lenses, has received from Colby University the honorary degree of Master of Arts. Mr. Tolles is in every sense worthy of the honor conferred upon him. The College is to be congratulated for this recognition of the man.

IMPORTANT TO MARINERS. On and after August 1st, the front light now shown at Burnt Coat Harbor, Maine, will be discontinued by order of the lighthouse board and commencing during the present week a white light, from a lantern suspended from a mast 100 feet high, will be shown at the Marblehead, Massachusetts, Light Station, in addition to the present light.

JAIL WORKSHOP. Mr. Frank W. Lincoln has secured a lease of the lower portion of the jail workshop and proposes to carry on the business of sawing shingles. He will put in two shingle machines in a short time and will be in full operation before long. The cedar logs will be floated up the Kenduskeag stream and hauled on shore just in the rear of the jail workshop.

The Eastern and Maine Central Railroads had one of the largest, if not the largest, week's business last week in their history. The best hurried thousands to the cool resorts of the East. The Flying Yankee train has already become the most popular train for Eastern Maine that was ever run from this locality to Boston. Its success exceeds the expectation of the managers.

Hon. Elihu Washburn and Wm. Drew, Esq., of Minneapolis, are at the Norlands, the Washburn homestead, at Livermore, Me., where they will spend the summer with their families. Mr. Washburn has some fine paintings that he brought home from France, which he will place in the art gallery in the new library building which the Washburn family is erecting for their native town.

CHANGES AT EXCHANGE STREET STATION. A neat and commodious building 18 ft by 12 ft in size and 12 feet high has been erected at the Exchange Street station of the Maine Central a few feet to the eastward of the depot building and makes a very convenient baggage room. The two rooms formerly used for the storage of baggage are being fitted up into offices for the Sawyer Brothers.

E. M. C. SEMINARY. We are in receipt of the catalogue of the East Maine Conference Seminary of Bucksport for 1883. The summary of attendance for the past year, was as follows: Fall term, 110; winter term, 111, and spring term, 94; making an aggregate for the three terms of 315 and 172 different pupils for the year. The fall term opens on Wednesday, August 29th, and there is every prospect of a large attendance. The outlook for the future of this widely known institution was never more promising than the present year.

ACCIDENT. Edward Dugan, shortly before noon, yesterday, met with a severe fall. He is a stevedore by trade and was engaged unloading a cargo of coal. Losing his footing he fell and his wheelbarrow, travelled through the air a distance of forty feet before striking, but fortunately the fall he encountered was only one of ten feet. He received some slight cuts around the head and a very severe sprain to the ankle, but otherwise escaped serious injuries. He was removed to his home on Brown street, which is still the method he takes.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE. The thirty-ninth annual session of the National Division of North America met yesterday at Ocean Grove, N. J., and will continue through the week. Bangor Division, No. 14, S. of T., will meet this evening in Stetson's Hall, in Granite Block.

STATE RIFLE TEAM. The General Inspector of rifle practice has designated W. S. Choate of Augusta, captain of the team and treasurer. There is to be a second competition of this team for a final classification. Each member of the team is to receive a new Springfield rifle with the new improved long-ranged sight. All will be ready and issued in a few days which will enable the members of the team to begin their practice at once and have ample time to become familiar with them before they are brought into competition and sent to Creedmoor.

WINN ITEMS. Our correspondent Nopen writes: Prince A. Hall, of Winn, formerly of Lincoln, broke his leg recently. He is a hard working farmer in moderate *circumstances*; the accident is a most unfortunate one, but kind neighbors have volunteered assistance.——Haying has commenced and a large crop is assured.——Rennie's Comic Opera renders "Mascot" at Katahdin Hall on the evenings of Wednesday and Thursday, July 11th and 12th.——The crops are looking well. Potatoes are plenty and Paris Green is being used considerably.

SAD AFFLICTION. The St. John papers contained very detailed reports of the manner in which Mr. Fred G. Burpee, the second son of Hon. Isaac Burpee, lost his life by drowning. It seems that the young man was rowing in the harbor in his shell and the skiff colliding with a rope which connected a wood boat with a pier, he was thrown into the water and the swiftly running tide prevented assistance from others who were in the vicinity. After a long search the body was recovered and funeral services will be held to-day. The young man was 20 years of age and greatly esteemed by all who knew him.

KATAHDIN ICE COMPANY. The schooner White Foam is now at the wharf of the Katahdin Ice Company loading ice for Richmond, Virginia. There are eight other vessels chartered to transport the Katahdin ice and they will shortly arrive. The vessels are as follows: Brig William Mason, for Richmond, Va.; schooner C. H. Foster, for Baltimore; schooner O. D. Witherell, for Baltimore; schooner C. E. Morrison, for Baltimore; schooner Commander, for Philadelphia; schooner C. E Pettingill, for Philadelphia; schooner Julia A. Ward, for Philadelphia and schooner Ida C. Bullard, for Philadelphia.

"HUGHS' POINT"—"HEWES' POINT"—"FLETCHER'S COVE." Inasmuch as summer travel is turning toward this new retreat on Islesboro, it seems proper that something should be learned regarding the origin of the name. The whole territory was formerly owned by Pascil Hewes and his name was applied to the Point by the officers of the Coast Survey, but it is spelled upon all Government charts of Penobscot Bay as Hughs' Point. The cove now called Fletcher's is recorded on the charts as *Bounty Cove*. The bluff at the highest point is called Abram's Mountain. The wharf lately built by Bangor parties is upon "Hughs' Point" and will henceforth be called Central wharf. The island and cave are as yet nameless.

NOTES FROM GARLAND. Our correspondent at Garland writes: The hay makers are busy in their fields. The grass was never stonier, but is badly lodged by the recent heavy showers.——Mr. Thomas Pidady was badly hurt on his forehead, being kicked by his horse a few days ago. He is a deaf mute.——Mr. A. D. Skillin's young son, about seven years old, fell from a load of hay yesterday and broke his arm just above his wrist.——Mr. T. E. Sturtevant, who went to Portland to be doctored for a brain trouble, had a shock of paralysis and has just been brought home in a very critical condition.——The little folks celebrated the Fourth, not with toy pistols or fire crackers, but with picnics and marching up and down the streets, preceded by an infantile drum corps.

THE BURNING OF MILL REFUSE. Mr. Matthew Lincoln has applied for an injunction against the firm of Stockwell, Adams & Co., to prevent them from burning slabs and refuse lumber in the manner in vogue at their saw mill near Webster's station, Orono. The claim made is that not only is the smoke a great nuisance but that the sparks endanger the adjoining mill property of Mr. Lincoln and also various other buildings in the vicinity. A hearing began in Orono, Tuesday, before Judge Peters and the case will be continued to-day, in this city. Barker, Vose & Barker appeared as counsel for the prosecution and John Varney and C. P. Stetson for the defense. In some respects it is a test case and the result will be watched with general interest by mill owners on Penobscot river.

NEW INDUSTRY AT HOULTON. Mr. Geo. W. Maxfield, recently established at Houlton, is now on a brief visit to this city, where he resided many years. His mission to Bangor is principally to secure some carpenters to take with him to Houlton. Mr. Maxfield has associated with him under the firm name of Geo. W. Maxfield & Co. prominent dealers out of the State and they are now building in Houlton a large slaughter house. The main building is 74 feet by 70 feet, with two large wings running each way. The heavy stone cellar is now completed and the frame of the large building is up. It is proposed to slaughter sheep and cattle at this establishment and ship the dressed meat through to Boston by refrigerator cars. The establishment will be ready for business by September.

AN INNOVATION IN PULP-MAKING. A new machine for preparing wood fibre for pulp, invented by a Gardiner man, is described as follows: "The purpose of the machine is to shave the wood off so finely that it is ready to go into the paper engines. It takes a piece of a log 12 inches in length, which is revolved at a speed of 1,000 revolutions per minute. A sharp cutter shaves the log, taking off a shaving so thin that it would take 750 of them to make an inch. As it takes about 200 sheets of ordinary paper to make an inch, one can judge somewhat of the thickness of the fibre made by this machine. The knife has a sliding motion, and gradually moves forward as the block decreases in diameter. In the first machine made, the principal trouble was found in keeping the knife sharp. As the knife became dull the fibre turned off became of uneven thickness; but this has been remedied by an ingenious arrangement of

A VISIT TO BLACKWELL'S ISLAND.

THE OCCUPATIONS OF THE PRISONERS—HOW NEW ARRIVALS ARE TREATED—THE CELLS AND WORKSHOPS—MORE ROOM NEEDED.

To the summer pleasure seeker who passes up and down the East River, Blackwell's Island appears an attractive spot, its natural charms being too many to be quite spoiled even by its stern and forbidding edifices. A glimpse of several gangs of men, clad in the hideous uniform of State convicts, steadily toiling in the hot sun, under supervision of armed patrolling keepers, presents the initial idea to the gazer of the suffering endured by its population from the hard toil and iron discipline exacted and enforced in that penal institution.

By the courtesy of John M. Fox, Warden of the Penitentiary, Charles Osborne, Deputy Warden, conducted a *Tribune* reporter over the buildings. It was early morning, and sixteen newly-arrived prisoners were being put through their preliminary exercises in a large chamber on the ground floor, dignified with the style and title of "Reception Room." At a desk erected in an elevated position, his book recording admissions before him, sat Bookkeeper Michael Kennedy. On the opposite side, ranged in rows, were some dozen large baths and three or four chairs such as barbers invite their clients to be seated in. A gauge for measuring the height of prisoners and a weighing machine completed the list of accessories to the "Reception Room." Presently a keeper on the outside thrust his arm through the iron bars and, inserting a huge key in the lock, opened the door. Then entered the sixteen sinners in double file and ranged themselves in a row before Keeper Kennedy. "Your name? shouted that official to the foremost offender. It was given. Then followed in succession the questions, "Your age?" "Native country?" "Religion?" "Occupation?" "Been here before?" and if the answer were in the affirmative, "How many times?" "Under what name or names?"

These questions being satisfactorily answered and the replies recorded, the prisoner was handed over to an attendant who measured his height and weighed him, the result of these two operations, together with the color of his hair, eyes and complexion, being quickly added to the tabular statement spread before Keeper Kennedy. Each man was then made to strip and enter a bath, and under the vigilant eye of the keeper and his satellites, none failed to escape a thorough washing. This cleansing process completed, each prisoner dressed himself in the suit provided for him by the State which, whatever may be said of its utility, cannot by any stretch of the imagination be considered æsthetic. The clothes belonging to each prisoner were then collected, neatly folded, made into parcels and labelled with the owner's name, previous to being put away. Unless a man were sentenced to a very short term and raised no objection to it, he was next shaved, after which he was considered to be duly prepared for the prison life before him. Deputy Warden Osborne rapidly scanned the column headed "Occupation," and assigned every man to some particular keeper's gang; some to work in the quarry, some to the blacksmith's and some to the carpenter's shop. After this all that remained to be done was for Keeper Kennedy to show the prisoners their cells and explain the manner of cleansing them. Then they were marched off, every man to his gang.

The number of prisoners admitted daily varies greatly, but, approximately, it may be said to average ten. At present there are 700 males and 150 female prisoners in the Penetentiary, but although on one occasion—in January, 1878—it accommodated 1,184, it is much overcrowded, and the system of "doubling up" nsiputting two prisoners in one cell is termed, in in some cases found to be necessary. This system Deputy Warden Osborne believes to be pernicious, and detrimental alike to discipline, health and morals. Each cell is eight feet four inches in length by three feet five inches in width. The only light admitted to it comes through the close bars composing the upper part of its iron door which opens on a gloomy corridor, itself but dimly lighed by long, narrow windows which appear as mere strips in the massive stone wall. A little to the left and at the rear of the main building is the blacksmith's shop, a low building 150 feet long. Here, under the supervision of Keeper Mahoney, a practical smith, twenty-seven men were at work forging iron bedsteads, fences, fire-escapes, tram-rails, hammer-heads and other tools both in iron and steel, and making locks and keys. A huge pile of bedsteads ready for painting stood at one end of the shop. They were destined for use in the various departments of the charity and correctional buildings. Besides the supervisor only two practical blacksmiths were the, yet the direction is so thorough that these men are enabled to make and repair all the metal work required in the construction and frequent alteration and enlargement of the buildings on charity islands.

A little further on and the carpenter's shop is reached, a two-story building, equal in length to the blacksmith's shop. Sixty men were found at work in charge of Master Carpenter Wunnenburg—carpenters, coopers, wheelwrights, painters, harness-makers, upholsterers and boat-builders. One tall fellow, hammer in hand and with smiling countenance, stood at a bench making infants' coffins with the utmost unconcern. A large pile of these little coffins, of from one to two feet in length, lay before him in their complete state. They were made of coarse, unplaned, deal planks secured with nails, without furniture or dressing of any kind. A little further along the bench was another man making coffins of a larger size. During last year no fewer than 4260 coffins of all sizes were made on Blackwell's Island and used by the Department of Public Charities and Correction. Of these a large number were given to outdoor people too poor to bury their dead without charitable aid. Other men were busy making clothes-poles, buckets, window-frames and useful articles in wood of every kind. In the shop on the upper floor, men were engaged in harness-making, boat-building and painting, and one prisoner, a skilled German artist, was painting an ice-water tank with admirable taste and effect.

All the prisoners exhibited a scrupulously clean appearance and appeared to have accepted their position with good grace. A careful scrutiny of their countenances did not reveal a single sullen or scowling face among them. Eighty more, toilers were found in the shop devoted to the manufacture of shoes, brooms, brushes and canvas cot-bottoms, the name of the single spread which the convicts put upon their cots. The goods turned out from this shop supply the requirements of all the charity departments and stores accumulate over and above what is used. The hardest life of all is that of the quarrymen. A walk along Brennen avenue, as the grove of American willows leading from Warden Fox's house down to the Penitentiary wall is called, revealed on the right a beautiful view of Long Island; but on the left, or New York side, was seen a deep quarry in which over a hundred and fifty prisoners were at work drilling, blasting, stone-cutting and loading trucks. Small gangs of men were mowing, haymaking and weeding; but even those jobs are no sinecures, and woe to the poor wretch who leans for a few minutes on his rake, or otherwise attempts to take the world, or at least that particular spot known as Blackwell's Island, easy.

A small portion of the river on the Long Island side of Blackwell's Island has been inclosed, and during the summer months, prisoners are permitted to bathe for a short time in the early morning. Fully ninety-five per cent. of the prisoners avail themselves of this privilege. Said Deputy Warden Osborne: "If we had an addition-al wing built to the Penitentiary, and another dining-room for the prisoners, the working of this establishment would be more efficient. In the first place it is necessary to the completion of the building as originally designed, and, what is of vastly greater importance, it is imperatively required by the continually increasing population of this place. Nobody with any knowledge of prison management defends the doubling-up system, more especially in a prison where the cells are admittedly too small for the accommodation of even one prisoner. As to our dining hall, it is as useful and well-ordered as anything we have here, but just such another is required. It is found impossible to seat all the prisoners in it, and great numbers have to be fed on benches just outside their cell doors."

Widow Neal, of South Berwick Junction, visited her sheep pasture, Monday, and found twenty-seven of a flock of thirty-three dead, probably killed by lightning, Saturday.

THE SUMMER HOTEL.

[From The Boston Transcript.]

"You are the landlord of the Big View Hotel?"

"I have that honor."

"And is your hotel well situated?"

"Delightfully; its surroundings are unsurpassed. They comprise the rugged mountain, the smiling valley, the cool, sequestered forest, the daisy-dimpled field, broad glassy lake, gently flowing river and babbling brook."

"And the views?"

"Exquisite. From the broad veranda can be seen the giant hills of New Hampshire, the Catskills, the Appalachian range, the far-famed Rockies and the Mexican Cordilleras, while the horizon is marked with the outlines of Hecla, Vesuvius and sacred Fusiyama; the Adirondacks are spread before the delighted beholder, the Hudson, the Mississippi and the Yangtse Kiang are like silver bands on the landscape, and the Falls of Niagara, with their ceaseless roar, can easily be descried by the unaided vision."

"And the facilities?"

The facilities for boating, bathing, fishing and shooting are unsurpassed. Noble lakes surrounded the house on three sides, and the fourth is white with the creamy surf of the broad Atlantic, which dashes upon the hard, clean, sandy beach beneath your very feet. The lake and ocean has each its noble fleet of white-winged cruisers, not to speak of rowboats of every name and variety. The waters are swarming with the finny tribe, eager for the fisherman's hook, and trout, pickerel, salmon, bornpouts, bass, catfish, sharks, whales and minnows are the abundant reward for the angler's pleasant toil. Then the water is always just right for bathing, and its temperature warranted to suit all who cleave its life-giving waves. Upon every tree the sportsman sees birds of divers plumage awaiting the pop of his rifle. In short, it is the sportsman's paradise."

"And the table?"

The tables are furnished with all the delicacies that the market affords. Vegetables fresh from their cans and milk direct from the city are served daily, and the steak is rendered tender and pliant to the first jaw of the denizen of the city by an athlete hired for this express purpose at an enormous expense.

"Is the house guarded against accidents in case of fire?"

Admirably.

"And the ventilation?"

Perfect.

"Are there any other attractions?"

There are thousands. The drives, the walks, the sails are exhaustible, both in their diversity and their charming picturesqueness. Beauty is upon every side; nowhere has nature been so lavish of her multiform charms.

"Well, then, I think I won't go. I feel I should be getting too much for my money. If you know of a hotel where there is nothing particular to be seen where there are no facilities for boating, bathing, fishing and hunting, where no attention is given to ventilation, where there are no precautions against fire and where the fare consists of corned pork, cabbage, cream tartar biscuits and very weak tea, I should be happy to be informed of its whereabouts. I will go there at once and stay all summer. I long for something to break the monotony of former years."

Sliced Dried Beef,

Splendid for Excursions.

SUGAR CURED HAMS,

Fresh Arrivals Every Steamer.

Thompson & Kellogg.

June30

The only known specific for Epileptic Fits. Also for Spasms and Falling Sickness. Nervous Weakness it instantly relieves and cures. Cleanses blood and quickens sluggish circulation. Neutralizes germs of disease and saves sickness. Cures

A SKEPTIC SAID

ugly blotches and stubborn blood sores. Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds. Permanently and promptly cures paralysis. Yes, it is a charming and healthful Aperient. Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers. Changes bad breath to good, removing the cause. Rouses bilious tendencies and makes clear complexion. Equalled by none in the delirium of fever. A champ restorer and a matchless laxative. It drives Sick Headache like the wind. Contains no drastic cathartic or opiates. Relieves

SAMARITAN NERVINE

THE GREAT

NERVE CONQUEROR

the brain of morbid fancies. Promptly cures Rheumatism by routing it. Restores life-giving properties to the blood. Is guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders. Reliable when all opiates fail. Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body. Cures dyspepsia or money refunded.

NEVER FAILS

Diseases of the blood own its conqueror. Endorsed in writing by over fifty thousand leading citizens, clergymen and physicians in U. S. and Europe. For sale by all leading druggists. $1.50. The Dr. S. A. Richmond Medical Co., Props. St. Joseph, Mo. (3)

For testimonials and circular send stamp. Charles N. Crittenton, Agent, New York City. 8

may28 eod&w

HOP PLASTER

This plaster is famous for its quick and hearty action in curing Rheumatism, Sciatica, Kidney Disease, Lame Back, Sore Chest or Hips, Sharp Pains, Pleurisy, Heart and Liver Troubles, Stiff Muscles, Sore Chest, Cramps and all pains or aches in every part. It soothes, strengthens and stimulates the parts. Sold by druggists, everywhere 25 cents.

A GREAT SUCCESS

Hop Plaster Co., Sole Manufacturers.

Mailed on receipt of price.

CARTER, HARRIS & HAWLEY, Gen Agts, Boston.

PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

No. 78 Statest., opposite Kilby, Boston

Secures Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington. *No agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.*

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS:

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse.

CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"Inventors cannot employ a person more trustworthy or more capable of securing for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.

EDMUND BURKE,
late Commissioner of Patents."

BOSTON, October 19, 1870.

R. H. EDDY, Esq.—Dear Sir: you procured for me, in 1860, my first patent. Since then you have acted for and advised me in hundreds of cases, and prosecuted many patents, reissues and extensions. I have occasionally employed the best agencies in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, but I still give you almost the whole of my business in your line, and advise others to employ you. Yours truly, GEORGE DRAPER.

Boston, January 1, 1883. MWFly

"Is Man a Free Agent?"

As far as clothing himself he is; for he can buy it where he chooses. If he chooses to buy of us though, he saves *10 per cent. on the cost*, and the privilege of leaving on our hands all orders that are not perfectly satisfactory. And he finds an exhibit of seasonable goods to select from at

E. T. FERNALD & CO.,

Up Stairs, Rooms 8, Boylston Block.

July7

SOMETHING NEW:

Oat Meal

In 3 Lb. Cans, Cooked Ready for the Table:

Both Delicious and Cheap

at

J. O. NORTON & CO'S.

June13

Real Estate.

For Sale or Rent.

One of the most desirable cottages at Northport with water and other privileges; furnished; well situated, with one bay view.

W. S. HELLIER.
No. 85 Union Street.

June22

For Sale.

A very desirable residence on West Broadway, with all the modern conveniences. Large lot, Gas, Hollv Water, Fruit Trees, &c. Inquire of MRS. E. R. NASH, 69 Court St., or A. L. SIMPSON, Kind Bridge.

jeo19 tf

For Rent.

The Store on Main Street, in Brewer, recently occupied by A. H. King & Co, and now vacant. Apply to

JOHN VARNEY,
Hammond St.,
Bangor.

June8tf

FOR SALE.

The finest located cottage in Northport, with furniture. Possession can be given immediately. Enquire of

F. R. WEBBER.

St. Albans, June, 1883.

June 12 tf

For Rent.

House on Newbury Street, head of York street. Call at the premises.

MRS. J. MILLIKEN.

may16 tf

FILES! - - - FILE!

Now is the Time to Sharpen Up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 DOZEN FILES

and am finishing off 150 dozen per week which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices.

and will warrant them equal to any imported at Call and see them.

Old Files Recut as usual.

JOB COLLETT - - - Exchange St.

MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY

Middletown, Connecticut

Incorporated under the laws of Connecticut, and subject to the inspection of the

STATE BANK COMMISSIONERS.

6 PER CENT. GUARANTEED BONDS

secured by First Mortgage. Interest payable at Middletown, or at the Fourth National Bank of New York. If you wish an investment, whether large or small, which will be SAFE and profitable, send for circular with full information.

apr21 eod6m

We Call Special Attention

to our large and elegant assortment of Trunks and bags. Our prices of trunks are as low, we guarantee, as can be obtained in the country. Please call and examine our goods at the Harness and Trunk store of

C S. LOMBARD & CO.,

West End Kenduskeag Bridge.

apr5

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The firm of BACON & BUCKINS is dissolved this day by mutual consent

JOHN A. BACON,
CHAS. H. BUCKINS.

June 3 th, 1883. June6

RESUSCITATED!

The miracle of "life and enterprise" that has created such a revolution in the shoe trade, (let him tell it) that menaces the "mammoth shoe mart," (30 by 50) has been driven out of those elastic goods he had began to settle into, and has concluded to cut a few more wide swaths in the field of business literature. He will have to remain until the hectic flush has visited the jaded pumpkins many seasons before he can convince people of common sense that white is black, or that a cheap, glazy, elastic, *(so elastic that in a week's wear they are fatter than a fat-boy)* boot or shoe of a book, is worthy of being compared to the unequaled

BURT BOOT,

conceded by judges of boots to be the best French Kids made in America. Don't forget that beside the regular goods, we furnish to measure a

BURT WALKING BOOT, Hand Sewed

We have also the

SIAMANG BOOT

made of the self same stock as the much beputfed Bonds, and a better modeled boot. Ladies beware of the scores of cheap Dressings that drug the market, and remember that in the

ALMA,

you have an article assured by chemical analysis to be free from ingredients that crack and burn the leather.

THE IMPORTED BLACKING

we have for gentlemen's shoes is in handy form for the tourist, and you are sure to buy if you see it.

NO HAMMOCK made is equal to the *MEXICAN*, and is one you do not need an accident policy. We have the cheaper grades for those that won't mind a broken neck—also all the fixings made. For the gentlemen's shoe the

CURTIS MAKE

none equal to them for elegance. All the varities of

STRAW HATS

you may see advertised. Canes, Umbrellas, Summer Lap Robes, etc., etc. Come to the *little* store of

H. D. THURSTON,
No. 6 Main Street.

July1 eow

CURE YOUR CORNS

—BY USING—

Schlotterbeck's

CORN, WART AND BUNION

SOLVENT.

Removes Corns, Bunions, Callous and Warts.

Entirely harmless. It is not a caustic. It dries instantly and will not soil anything.

Price 25c a Bottle. Sold by all Druggists

—PREPARED BY—

A. G. SCHLOTTERBECK,

PORTLAND, MAINE.

Songs Never Sung.

"How does that verse run? Something like this, isn't it?

"There are who touch the magic string,
And noisy fame is proud to win them;
Alas! for those who never sing,
But die with all their music in them!"

"Yes, "that's beautiful, pathetic and true," said your representative. "The poet alludes to people who are somehow suppressed, and never get their full allowance of joy and air. Which reminds me of a letter shown me the other day by HISCOX & Co., of New York, signed by Mr. S. C. Williams, of Chapman, Snyder Co., Pa., a prominent business man of that place. He writes:

"I have suffered with asthma for over forty years, and had a terrible attack in December and January, 1882. I hardly know what prompted me to take PARKER'S TONIC. I did so, and the first day I took four doses. The effect astonished me. That night I slept as if nothing was the matter with me, and have slept since. I have had colds since, but no asthma. My breathing is now as perfect as if I had never known that disease. If you know of any one who has asthma, tell him in my name that PARKER'S TONIC will cure it—and I offer forty pence. There was a man who escaped the fate of those whom the poet laments. This preparation, which has heretofore been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, will hereafter be put up and sold under the name of PARKER'S TONIC. Inasmuch as ginger is really an unimportant ingredient and unprincipled dealers are constantly deceiving their customers by substituting inferior preparations under the name of ginger, we drop the misleading word.

"There is no change, however, in the preparation itself, and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the genuine medicine if the red-ink signature of HISCOX & Co. is on the bottom of the outside wrapper.

Sw&wim

July4

NOTICE.

Board may be obtained in Rockport, Me., at Mr. Tibbet's, opposite the Camden House. Please address Miss Tibbet, East North St., Me.

June

Bangor Post Office.

OFFICERS:

A. B. PARNHAM.....Postmaster
E. A. CUMMINGS.....Ass't Postmaster
W. H. S. LAWRENCE.....Cashier

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7½ A. M. to 6 P. M.; and from 7½ to 9½ P. M. daily—Sundays excepted.
On Sundays, from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western	6 30	1 30
		7 00
European Railway	8 00	
Piscataquis R. R.	6 00	
Cherryfield and Machias		7 00
Ellsworth	6 30	7 00
Belfast	8 30	
Buck sport	6 30	6 15
Dixmont	6 30	
East Corinth and Charleston		1 30
Levant and Exeter		1 30
Bradford		1 30
Monroe		1 30
Amherst and Aurora	11 30	

Night train to Boston runs every night.

Mail closes Sunday at 6 P. M. Collections from street boxes same as on week days.

MAILS ARRIVE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western	8 00	7 15
European Railway	7 00	7 10
Piscataquis Railroad		8 30
Ellsworth	5 30	6 00
Cherryfield and Machias	5 30	
Belfast		5 00
Buck sport		6 35
Dixmont	7 00	5 00
East Corinth and Charleston	11 00	
Levant and Exeter	11 00	
Bradford	11 30	
Monroe	10 00	
Amherst and Aurora	11 30	

LETTER CARRIERS.

All letters are delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and number. People should inform their correspondents of above and have their letters addressed accordingly.

Persons leaving their address at the General Delivery can also have their letters sent, but it is much more convenient to have the street and number, and they will be delivered earlier than if the box is put on at the office. Carriers make two deliveries daily, the first trip starting the extremes of their routes.

Collections are made morning, noon and evening in station for important mails.

Lobbies in the Carrier's Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 8½ to 9½ A. M., and from 7½ to 8½ P. M. Sundays from 9½ to 9½ A. M.

Any irregularities in the Carriers' department should be reported to the office.

ENVELOPES.

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and request to return, across the left hand upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, (samples of which may be seen at the Cashier's window) which ordered in lots of not less than 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within thirty days, or less, written or printed, with the writer's name, post office and state, across the left end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with.

The public are earnestly recommended to procure Stamped envelopes with printed return request, as the expense is less, and letters thus endorsed, if not delivered to the person at first sought, are returned to the writer free of charge.

First class envelopes of above furnished at $22.50 per thousand.

Stamps cut from Stamped Envelopes cannot be used to prepay postage. The use of such Stamps is punishable by a fine of fifty dollars.

Stamped envelopes, specified in directing, are redeemed at this office.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

FIRST CLASS.

All Letters must be Prepaid—Letters for the Mails in the United States, three cents the half ounce or single rate. City letters, two cents half ounce or single rate.

SECOND CLASS.

Newspapers.

All regular newspapers must be prepaid at the office of publication, at the rate of two cents per pound for each issue. The same law applies to dealers.

County papers free, except to letter carrier offices, i. e. papers coming to this office, if published in County, are subject to postage. Daily papers published in County, if delivered by carrier, one cent each, to be prepaid by stamps.

Postage to Canada—Same as in the States on letters and papers, pre-payment compulsory; merchandise limited to 3 oz., postage 10 cents.

THIRD CLASS.

Postage One Cent for Two Ounces.

Books (printed and blank), transient newspapers and periodicals, circulars, and other matter wholly in print, proof sheets and corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same, hand bills, posters, chromo lithographs, engravings, envelopes with printing thereon, ballotypes, lithographs, photographs and stereoscopic views with title written thereon, printed blanks and printed cards.

FOURTH CLASS.

Postage One Cent for each Ounce.

Blank cards, card board and other flexible material, flexible patterns, letter envelopes and letter papers without printing thereon, merchandise, models, ornamental paper, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, mineals, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions, drawings, plans, designs, ornamental paintings in oil or water colors and any other matter not included in first, second or third classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag or harm the person of any one engaged in the postal service.

Upon matter of third or fourth class the sender may write his own name or address with the word "from," without extra charge for postage.

Third and fourth class matter may be registered same as first class, on payment of the register fee of 10 cents.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

All letters remaining in the office are advertised on Monday of each week. If not claimed in ONE MONTH thereafter, they are then forwarded to the Dead Letter office.

MONEY ORDERS.

Especial attention is called to the Money Order system as a safe and cheap method of transmitting small sums through the mails. Orders are issued to any of the principal cities in the United States, Great Britain and Ireland, and all Countries having a postal treaty with the United States.

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

	Ins.
Africa, west coast, Br. Possessions	10c
Argentine Republic, British Mail	5
Aspinwall	5
Australia, British mail	15
Australia, via San Francisco	5
Bahamas	5
Belgium	5
Bermuda	5
Brazil	5
Canada	3
Ceylon	5
Chili	5
China, British mail	15
Cuba	5
Denmark	5
France	5
Germany	5
Gibraltar	5
Great Britain and Ireland	5
Guadaloupe	5
Hayetian Kingdom, direct mail	5
Italy	5
Jamaica, direct mail	5
Japan	5
Matlaro	5
Nassau, New Providence	5
Nakhl	5
Netherlands	5
New Brunswick	3
Newfoundland	5
New South Wales	15
New Zealand	15
Nova Scotia	3
Panama	5
Peru	5
Portobello	5
Portugal	5
Queensland	15
Russia	5
Spain	5
Straits Settlements	15
Sweden	5
Switzerland	5
Trinidad	5
Turkey	5
Turks Island	5
Victoria	15
West Indies, British	3

West Indies, not British, and all other foreign states, will be found at Post Office.

Prepayment required.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Postage on book packets, including printed papers of all kinds, music, plans, prints, engravings, drawings, photographs, lithographs, pieces of music, etc., and patterns or samples of merchandise, including seeds and grains, are as follows:

Not exceeding 2 ounces	2 cents
Over 2 ounces and not over 4 ounces	4 cents
Over 4 ounces and not over 6 ounces	6 cents
Newspapers, in the usual form	2 cents

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and request to return, across the left hand upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, (samples of which may be seen at the Cashier's window) which ordered in lots of not less than 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within thirty days, or less, written or printed, with the writer's name, post office and state, across the left end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with.

The public are earnestly recommended to procure Stamped envelopes with printed return request, as the expense is less, and letters thus endorsed, if not delivered to the person at first sought, are returned to the writer free of charge.

First class envelopes of above furnished at $22.50 per thousand.

Stamps cut from Stamped Envelopes cannot be used to prepay postage. The use of such Stamps is punishable by a fine of fifty dollars.

Stamped envelopes, specified in directing, are redeemed at this office.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT.

All valuable letters should be Registered, unless a Money order is obtained. Under the present system of Registration, letters are transmitted with perfect safety.

Letters may be Registered by paying postage in full affix Registration fee in stamps, for—

United States	10 cents
Great Britain and Ireland, and all Countries having a postal treaty with the United States	10 cents

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

	Ins.
Africa, west coast, Br. Possessions	10c
Argentine Republic, British Mail	5
Aspinwall	5
Australia, British mail	15
Australia, via San Francisco	5
Bahamas	5
Belgium	5
Bermuda	5
Brazil	5
Canada	3
Ceylon	5
Chili	5
China, British mail	15
Cuba	5
Denmark	5
France	5
Germany	5
Gibraltar	5
Great Britain and Ireland	5
Guadaloupe	5
Hayetian Kingdom, direct mail	5
Italy	5
Jamaica, direct mail	5
Japan	5
Matlaro	5
Nassau, New Providence	5
Nakhl	5
Netherlands	5
New Brunswick	3
Newfoundland	5
New South Wales	15
New Zealand	15
Nova Scotia	3
Panama	5
Peru	5
Portobello	5
Portugal	5
Queensland	15
Russia	5
Spain	5
Straits Settlements	15
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Over 4 ounces and not over 6 ounces	6 cents
Newspapers, in the usual form	2 cents

WHAT MRS. BRUCE

Of 25 Grant St., Springfield, Mass., says about Her Husband's Sickness, and what Finally proved a Good Boon to Him—Words of an Affectionate, Good Woman.

Mrs. Bruce says: "My husband is an employee in the United States Armory in Springfield. He has for years been a terrible sufferer from bilious sick headaches. He has fearful attacks of this kind. Sometimes they will come on him every week or so. He has never found any medicine which would give him any permanent relief or prove any preventive against these severe attacks until he tried Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY. He has received the greatest benefit from its use." The testimony of Mrs. Bruce is like that of hundreds of others, who say: "I procured a bottle of Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY, and used it with the best of results. I have no more headache or pain in the side. Indeed, them dizzies seems to have no more at musical effect, and I feel very grateful for FAVORITE REMEDY. Dr. Kennedy is glad to recommend his medicine to all who are suffering from any sick headaches resulting from any of the above causes, for it is a sure, positive cure.

To Keep the Blood Pure

Is the principal end of inventions and discoveries in medicine. To this object probably no one has contributed more signally than Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., in the production of a medicine which has become famous under the title of the FAVORITE REMEDY. It removes all impurities of the Blood, regulates the disordered Liver and Kidneys, cures Constipation, Dyspepsia, and all diseases and weaknesses peculiar to females.

Sold by your druggist, $1.00 a bottle.

d&w1m July2

Rev. Father Wilds'

EXPERIENCE.

The Rev. Z. P. Wilds, well-known city missionary in New York, and brother of the late eminent Judge Wilds, of the Massachusetts Supreme Court, writes as follows:

No. 8 E. 54th St., New York, May 16, 1882.

MESSRS. J. C. AYER & CO., Gentlemen

Last winter I was troubled with a most uncomfortable tickling humor affecting more especially my hands, which itched so intolerably at night, and burned so intensely, that I could scarcely bear any clothing over them. I was also a sufferer from a severe catarrh and catarrhal cough, my appetite capricious, and my system in good condition. Knowing the value of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, by observation of many other cases, and from personal use in former years, I began taking it for the above named difficulties. My appetite improved almost from the first dose. After a short time the fever and itching were allayed, and all signs of irritation of the skin disappeared. My catarrh and cough were also cured by the same means, and my general health greatly improved, until it is now excellent. I feel a hundred per cent stronger, and I attribute these results to the use of the SARSAPARILLA, which I recommend with all confidence as the best blood medicine ever devised. I took it in small doses three times a day, and much, in all, less than two bottles. I place these facts at your service, hoping their publication may do good.

Yours respectfully, Z. P. WILDS."

The above instance is but one of the many constantly coming to our notice, which prove the perfect adaptability of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to the cure of all diseases arising from impure or impoverished blood, and all weakness of vitality.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

cleanses, enriches, and strengthens the blood, stimulates the action of the stomach and bowels, and thereby enables the system to resist and overcome the attacks of all *Scrofulous Diseases, Eruptions of the Skin, Rheumatism, Catarrh, General Debility*, and all disorders resulting from poor or corrupted blood and a low state of the system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; price $1, six bottles for $5.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

—Best Purgative Medicine—

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

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The wisdom that writes that result from indiscretion in early life may be alleviated and cured. Those, who doubt this assertion should purchase the new medical work published by the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Boston, entitled *THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or, Self-Preservation.* Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, or Vitality impaired by the Errors or Youthful or too close application to business, may be restored and manhood regained.

28th edition, revised and enlarged, just published, is an standard medical work, the best in the English language, written by a physician of great experience, to whom was awarded a gold and jeweled medal by the National Medical Association. It contains 350 pages, more than 125 valuable prescriptions for all forms of diseases, acute and chronic, the result of many years of extensive and successful practice. Price, one of which is worth ten times the price of the book. Bound in beautiful French cloth, embossed, full gilt. Price only $1.25; by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price. Illustrated Sample Six Cents, Send for it.

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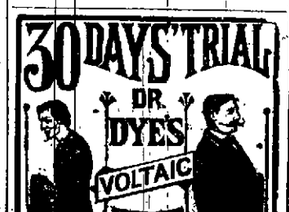

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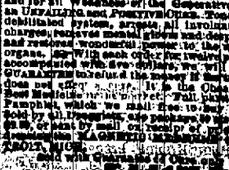

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